

Nomura i-Income Fund 2

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements For The Financial Period From 30 June 2021 (Date of Launch) to 31 October 2022

MANAGER:

NOMURA ASSET MANAGEMENT MALAYSIA SDN. BHD. Business Registration No.: 200601028939 (748695-A)

TRUSTEE:

DEUTSCHE TRUSTEES MALAYSIA BERHAD Business Registration No.: 200701005591 (763590-H)

AUDITOR:

Pricewaterhouse Coopers PLT

Business Registration No.: LLP0014401-LCA & AF1146

NOMURA

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This Annual Report is available, upon request, to unit holders without charge



1. FUND PROFILE

1.1 Fund Name

Nomura i-Income Fund 2 ("Fund")

1.2 Type and Category of Fund

Income - Fixed Income (Islamic)

1.3 Duration of the Fund

The Fund is an open-ended fund.

1.4 Investment Objectives

The Fund seeks to provide investors with recurring income on its investments.

1.5 Distribution Policy

Subject to availability of income, distribution will be on quarterly basis.

1.6 Performance Benchmark

Maybank 3-month Islamic Fixed Deposit Rate ("Benchmark").

2. FUND PERFORMANCE

2.1 Key Fund Performance Data

Asset Allocation / Portfolio Composition	31 October 2022
Unquoted sukuk – Government of Malaysia	62.47%
Cash and Others#	37.53%
Total (%)	100.00%

[#] Included in 'Cash and Others' are cash on hand and Islamic deposits and other net current assets/liabilities.

Fund - Class S

Category	Since Commencement, 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022
Highest NAV per Unit (RM) ¹	1.0034
Lowest NAV per Unit (RM)1	0.9165
Total Return (%) ²	
- Capital growth (%)	(1.72)
- Income (%)	1.70
Gross/Net Distribution per unit (RM sen)	1.67
Total NAV (RM)¹	39,502,084
NAV per Unit (RM)	0.9828
Unit in Circulation	40,193,943

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Fund - Class I

Category	Since Commencement, 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022
Highest NAV per Unit (RM) ¹	1.0030
Lowest NAV per Unit (RM)1	0.9165
Total Return (%) ² - Capital growth (%) - Income (%)	(1.90) 1.70
Gross/Net Distribution per unit (RM sen)	1.67
Total NAV (RM)¹ NAV per Unit (RM)	29,915,884 0.9810
Unit in Circulation	30,496,526

Fund - Class R

Category	Since Commencement, 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022
Highest NAV per Unit (RM) ¹	1.0030
Lowest NAV per Unit (RM) ¹	0.9164
Total Return (%) ² - Capital growth (%) - Income (%)	(2.07) 1.71
Gross/Net Distribution per unit (RM sen)	1.67
Total NAV (RM) ¹ NAV per Unit (RM) Unit in Circulation	5,710,910 0.9793 5,831,775

Fund - Class H (Hedged)

Funa – Class H (Heagea)	
Category	Since Commencement, 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022
Highest NAV per Unit (USD) ¹	1.0258
Lowest NAV per Unit (USD) ¹	0.9191
Total Return (%) ² - Capital growth (%) - Income (%)	(0.45) 0.37
Gross/Net Distribution per unit (USD sen)	0.364
Total NAV (RM) ¹ NAV per Unit (USD) Unit in Circulation	5,877,373 0.9955 1,249,243



Category	Since Commencement, 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022
Total Expense Ratio (%) ³	0.37
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (time) ⁴	0.59

Notes:

- (1) Figures shown as ex-distribution.
- (2) Total Return of the Fund and its Benchmark for a period are calculated based on the absolute return of the Fund for that period. The calculation of the Total Return of the Fund is based on NAV-to-NAV basis, and is sourced from Refinitiv Lipper. Fund performances include reinvestment of income distributions into the Fund. The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/decline in NAV for the stipulated period taking into account all the distributions payable (if any) during the stipulated period:
 - Capital Return= {NAV per Unit End / NAV per Unit Beginning 1} x 100
 - Income Return= {Income Distribution per Unit / NAV per Unit Ex-Distribution} x 100
- (3) Total Expense Ratio ("TER") is calculated based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on daily basis.
- (4) Portfolio Turnover Ratio ("PTR") is calculated based on the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund for the financial period divided by the average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on daily basis.

2.2 Average Total Return of the Fund

Fund - Class S

	Since Commencement, 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022
Average Total Return (%)	(0.03)

Source: Refinitiv Lipper

Fund - Class I

	Since Commencement, 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022
Average Total Return (%)	(0.17)

Source: Refinitiv Lipper

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Fund - Class R

rana Glaco IX	
	Since
	Commencement,
	21 July 2021
	to
	31 October 2022
Average Total Return (%)	(0.30)
	1

Source: Refinitiv Lipper

Fund - Class H (Hedged)

Fund - Class H (Heugeu)	Since Commencement, 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022
Average Total Return (%)	(0.07)

Source: Refinitiv Lipper

2.3 Annual Total Return of the Fund

Fund - Class S

	Since Commencement, 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022
Total Return (%) ¹	(0.04)
Benchmark (%)	2.43

Source: Refinitiv Lipper

Fund - Class I

	Since Commencement, 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022
Total Return (%) ¹	(0.22)
Benchmark (%)	2.43

Source: Refinitiv Lipper



Fund - Class R

runu – Class R	Since Commencement, 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022
Total Return (%) ¹	(0.39)
Benchmark (%)	2.43

Source: Refinitiv Lipper

Fund - Class H (Hedged)

Tana Siass II (Ilougea)	Since Commencement, 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022
Total Return (%) ¹	(0.08)
Benchmark (%)	(8.47)

Source: Refinitiv Lipper

Notes:

(1) Annual Total Return of the Fund and its Benchmark for a period are calculated based on the absolute return of the Fund for that period. The calculation of the Annual Total Return of the Fund is based on NAV-to-NAV basis, and is sourced from Refinitiv Lipper. Fund performances include reinvestment of income distributions into the Fund. Further details on basis of calculation and assumption made in calculating returns is as follows:

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/decline in NAV for the stipulated period taking into account all the distributions payable (if any) during the stipulated period:

- Capital Return = {NAV per Unit End / NAV per Unit Beginning 1} x 100
- Income Return= {Income Distribution per Unit / NAV per Unit Ex-Distribution} x 100
- **Total Return =** $(1 + Percentage Growth)^{1/n} 1$

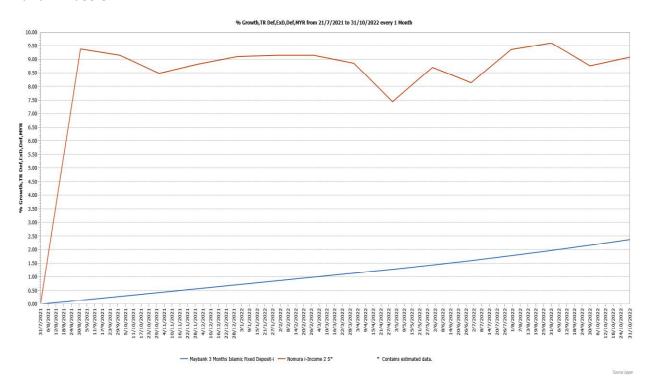
Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.



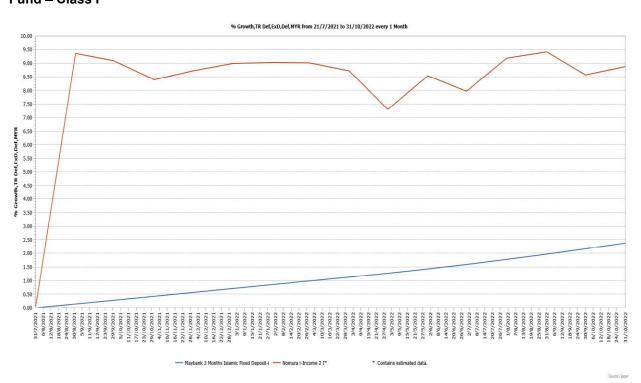
3. MANAGER'S REPORT

Performance of Nomura i-Income Fund 2 from 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022

Fund - Class S



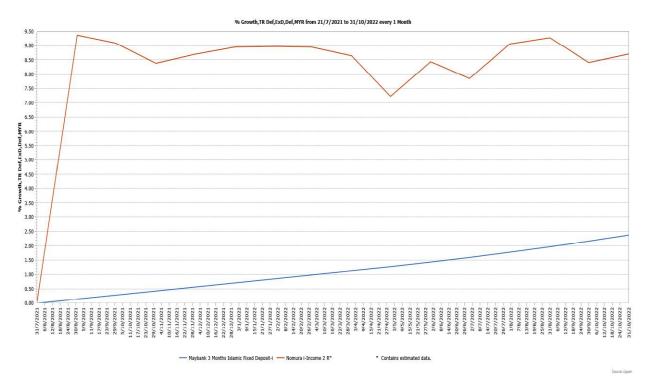
Fund - Class I



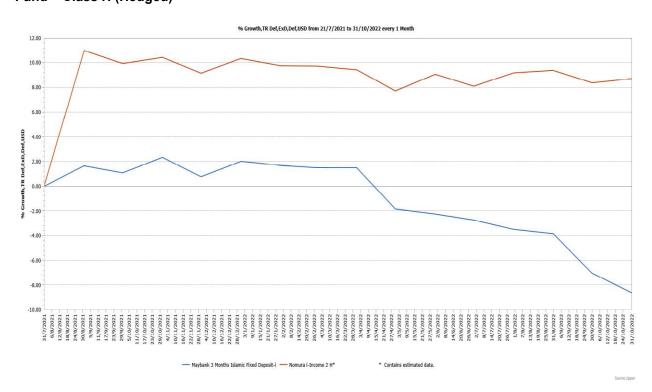
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Fund - Class R



Fund - Class H (Hedged)



Benchmark: Maybank 3-month Islamic Fixed Deposit Rate

Source: The calculation of the Annual Total Return of the Fund is based on NAV-to-NAV basis, and is sourced from Refinitiv Lipper. Fund performances include reinvestment of income distributions into the Fund.



3.1 Performance for the period from 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022

Fund - Class S

For the period under review from 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022, Class S has registered -0.04% return. Compared to the Benchmark return of 2.43%, Class S has underperformed the Benchmark by -2.47%. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit of Class S as at 30 June 2021 (launch date) was RM 1.0000 compared to the NAV per unit as at 31 October 2022 of RM 0.9828. On the total NAV basis, Class S's NAV stood at RM 39.50 million as at 31 October 2022. During the period under review, Class S has declared a total income distribution of RM 0.0167 per unit.

Fund - Class I

For the period under review from 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022, Class I has registered -0.22% return. Compared to the Benchmark return of 2.43%, Class I has underperformed the Benchmark by -2.65%. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit of Class I as at 30 June 2021 (launch date) was RM 1.0000 compared to the NAV per unit as at 31 October 2022 of RM 0.9810. On the total NAV basis, Class I's NAV stood at RM 29.92 million as at 31 October 2022. During the period under review, Class I has declared a total income distribution of RM 0.0167 per unit.

Fund - Class R

For the period under review from 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022, Class R has registered -0.39% return. Compared to the Benchmark return of 2.43%, Class R has underperformed the Benchmark by -2.82%. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit of Class R as at 30 June 2021 (launch date) was RM 1.0000 compared to the NAV per unit as at 31 October 2022 of RM 0.9793. On the total NAV basis, Class R's NAV stood at RM 5.71 million as at 31 October 2022. During the period under review, Class R has declared a total income distribution of RM 0.0167 per unit.

Fund - Class H (Hedged)

For the period under review from 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022, Class H (Hedged) has registered -0.08% return. Compared to the Benchmark return of -8.47%, Class H (Hedged) has outperformed the Benchmark by 8.39%. The Net Asset Value (NAV) per unit of Class H (Hedged) as at 30 June 2021 (launch date) was USD 1.0000 compared to the NAV per unit as at 31 October 2022 of USD 0.9955. On the total NAV basis, Class H (Hedged)'s NAV stood at USD 1.23 million as at 31 October 2022. During the period under review, Class H (Hedged) has declared a total income distribution of USD 0.00364 per unit.

3.2 Review of Market for the period from 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022

2021 was a volatile year for the local bond market. Overall, Government Investment Issues ("GII") yields spiked in tandem with global yield movements. In particular, GII yield curve bear-flattened over 2H21 as front-end of the curve underperformed amid hawkish global central banks. Towards the end of 2021, several major central banks signalled intentions of embarking on policy normalisation amid global inflationary pressures. Notably, the US Federal Reserve ("US Fed") commenced its long-awaited quantitative easing tapering in Nov-21 by scaling back purchases by USD 15 billion a month and thereafter doubled its tapering pace in Dec-21, while Bank of England began its monetary policy tightening cycle and decided to hike rates by 0.15% in Dec-21. On the other hand, in Malaysia, Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") maintained its Overnight Policy Rate ("OPR") unchanged at a record-low of 1.75% throughout 2021 to ensure a sustainable economic recovery.



Going into 2022, volatility remained elevated. GII yield curve bear-flattened drastically over 10M2022 as global rates rose sharply higher on tighter monetary policy by major central banks. Surging inflation pressure globally on the back of economic reopening measures and tighter labour markets, coupled with supply side shocks stemming from the fallout of the Russia-Ukraine war, has prompted central banks into raising interest rates aggressively. Notably, US Fed has delivered a total of 300 bps rate hikes during the period under review. However, as of 2H22, we have seen early signs of global inflationary pressures peaking and easing gradually, which should allow central banks to ease off the brakes sooner, rather than later. Meanwhile, in Malaysia, BNM, on a smaller quantum, has delivered three back-to-back 25 bps OPR hike, bringing the OPR to 2.50% as of end Oct-22. We maintain our expectations of BNM to stay on course with its interest rate normalisation pathway in the coming months, though the probability of outsized hikes is relatively low as BNM stressed that any further adjustments would be done in a measured and gradual manner in its recent Monetary Policy Statements.

3.3 Investment Outlook

We see signs that global rates may begin peaking in 1Q23, especially in major central banks, which should also be followed by more subdued inflation numbers due to high base effects from 2022. We see a lower volatility into 2Q23, following the relentless spikes in volatility over the past few quarters. Coupled with a global slowdown in trade and growth, this could see some reprieve to the spikes in global yields, which are expected to benefit domestic yields. Despite the fact BNM is expected to stay on course with its measured and gradual rate hikes, the domestic yield curve has to a certain degree priced in multiple OPR hikes from its current level. We anticipate gradually increasing duration should yields begin to peak in the short to medium term. Should yields rise to levels that we deem to offer value, we will deploy our cash into short to medium dated GII to better position the portfolio for the coming few periods.

3.4 Strategies Employed for the period from 21 July 2021 to 31 October 2022

Strategy-wise, we saw value in the steepness of the belly of the GII yield curve, particularly as the 3-7 year portion, following the strong bear steepening in the markets, making for an attractive rolldown play. The rally in global markets in the 2H22 were however short-lived, led by the Russia-Ukraine conflict, leading to energy and a second round of commodity price spikes, resulting in high volatility in global markets. This, coupled with stronger than expected global consumer demand and resilient labour markets, led to more aggressive than expected moves by major central banks. Though BNM has remained consistent and measured in its rate hikes, especially in light of the more benign domestic inflation, global volatility in markets led to yields spiking across markets. Due to a strategic positioning of the Fund to maintain a shorter duration, the Fund had managed to weather the market movements, with less volatility in an effort to produce more consistent returns.

3.5 Asset Allocation

Asset Allocation / Portfolio Composition	31 October 2022
Unquoted sukuk - Government of Malaysia	62.47%
Cash and Others#	37.53%
Total (%)	100.00%

[#] Included in 'Cash and Others' are cash on hand and Islamic deposits and other net current assets/liabilities.

There were no significant changes on the Fund's asset allocation during the financial period under review.



3.6 Securities Lending or Repurchase Transactions

The Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transactions during the financial period under review.

3.7 Income Distribution

The Manager has distributed a total of gross/net distribution of RM0.0167 per unit for unit holders of each Class S, Class I and Class R, and USD0.00364 per unit for unit holders of Class H (Hedged) over the financial period ended 31 October 2022.

The Net Asset Value per Unit prior and subsequent to the distributions were as follows:

Fund - Class S

Cum- Distribution Date	Cum- Distribution (RM)	Ex- Distribution Date	Ex- Distribution (RM)	Distribution per Unit (RM)
27-Dec-2021	0.9988	28-Dec-2021	0.9982	0.0010
05-Apr-2022	0.9966	06-Apr-2022	0.9936	0.0017
17-May-2022	0.9807	18-May-2022	0.9735	0.0072
15-Sep-2022	0.9924	19-Sep-2022	0.9899	0.0019
05-Oct-2022	0.9886	06-Oct-2022	0.9814	0.0049

Fund - Class I

Cum- Distribution Date	Cum- Distribution (RM)	Ex- Distribution Date	Ex- Distribution (RM)	Distribution per Unit (RM)
27-Dec-2021	0.9978	28-Dec-2021	0.9972	0.0010
05-Apr-2022	0.9953	06-Apr-2022	0.9923	0.0017
17-May-2022	0.9793	18-May-2022	0.9722	0.0072
15-Sep-2022	0.9907	19-Sep-2022	0.9882	0.0019
05-Oct-2022	0.9869	06-Oct-2022	0.9796	0.0049

Fund - Class R

Cum- Distribution Date	Cum- Distribution (RM)	Ex- Distribution Date	Ex- Distribution (RM)	Distribution per Unit (RM)
27-Dec-2021	0.9974	28-Dec-2021	0.9967	0.0010
05-Apr-2022	0.9945	06-Apr-2022	0.9915	0.0017
17-May-2022	0.9783	18-May-2022	0.9712	0.0072
15-Sep-2022	0.9892	19-Sep-2022	0.9867	0.0019
05-Oct-2022	0.9853	06-Oct-2022	0.9780	0.0049

Fund - Class H (Hedged)

Cum- Distribution Date	Cum- Distribution (USD)	Ex- Distribution Date	Ex- Distribution (USD)	Distribution per Unit (USD)
27-Dec-2021	1.0090	28-Dec-2021	1.0097	0.00024
05-Apr-2022	1.0053	06-Apr-2022	1.0035	0.00040
17-May-2022	0.9887	18-May-2022	0.9872	0.00160
15-Sep-2022	0.9998	19-Sep-2022	0.9990	0.00040
05-Oct-2022	0.9972	06-Oct-2022	0.9938	0.00100



3.8 Details of Any Unit Split Exercise

There was no unit split exercise during the financial period under review.

3.9 Significant Changes in the State of Affairs of the Fund

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund during the financial period under review.

However, a replacement prospectus of the Fund dated 1 December 2022 has been issued. Unit holders have been informed on the changes made to the Fund via letter dated 15 November 2022.

In addition, please find the latest changes to the Manager's board of directors as follows:

Mr. Leslie Yap Kim Loong

Mr. Atsushi Ichii

Mr. Wataru Ogihara (appointed on 29 June 2022)

Ms. Chooi Su May (appointed on 29 June 2022)

Mr. Johari Bin Abdul Muid*

Ms. Julia Binti Hashim*

3.10 Circumstances that Materially Affect Any Interest of Unit Holders

There were no circumstances that had materially affected the interest of the unit holders during the financial period under review.

3.11 Cross Trades Transactions

There were no cross trades conducted during the financial period under review.

3.12 Soft Commissions Received From Brokers

The Manager did not receive any soft commission during the financial period under review.

This Annual Report is prepared by the Manager of the Fund, Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., for information purposes only. Past earnings of the Fund's distribution record is not a guarantee or reflection of the Fund's future earnings or future distributions. Investors are advised that unit prices, distributions payable and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

^{*} Independent director

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022

	Note	Financial period from 30.6.2021 (date of launch) to 31.10.2022 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME		
Profit income from unquoted sukuk at fair valuation through profit or loss ("FVTPL") Profit income from Islamic deposits with license		1,530,988
financial institutions at amortised cost		758,633
Net gain on forward foreign currency contracts at fair value through profit or loss	8 8	503,532
Net loss on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") Net gain on foreign currency exchange	6	(1,962,443) 8,633
		839,343
EXPENSES		
Management fee Trustee fee Shariah Adviser's fee Auditors' remuneration Tax agent's fee Other expenses	3 4	(177,324) (25,258) (8,480) (13,000) (5,100) (2,513)
		(231,675)
NET INCOME BEFORE FINANCE COST AN	D TAXATION	607,668
FINANCE COST		
Distributions	10	(1,250,648)
NET LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(642,980)
TAXATION	5	
DECREASE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTAB TO UNITHOLDERS	LE	(642,980)

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

Financial period from 30.6.2021 (date of launch) to 31.10.2022 RM

Note

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Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders is made of the following:
Realised amount
Unrealised amount

768,355 (1,411,335)

(642,980)

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2022

	Note	As at 31.10.2022 RM
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit	7	29,798,833
or loss ("FVTPL")	6	50,603,523
Forward foreign currency contract	8	503,532
Amount due from Manager		137,483
TOTAL ASSETS		81,043,371
LIABILITIES		
Accrued management fee	3	15,143
Amount due to Trustee	4	2,049
Amount due to Shariah Adviser		2,650
Auditor's remuneration		13,780
Tax agent's fee		3,498
TOTAL LIABILITIES (EXCLUDING NET ASS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS)	ETS	37,120
NET ACCET VALUE OF THE FUND		94.000.054
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		81,006,251
NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS		81,006,251

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

	Note	As at 31.10.2022 RM
REPRESENTED BY		
FAIR VALUE OF OUTSTANDING UNITS CLASS S CLASS I CLASS R CLASS H (Hedged)	S (RM)	39,502,084 29,915,884 5,710,910 5,877,373
NUMBER OF UNIT IN CIRCULATION (L	JNITS)	
CLASS S CLASS I CLASS R CLASS H (Hedged)	9 9 9 9	40,193,943 30,496,526 5,831,775 1,249,243
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM)		
CLASS S CLASS I CLASS R CLASS H (Hedged)		0.9828 0.9810 0.9793 4.7047
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT IN RES	PECTIVE	
CLASS S CLASS I CLASS R CLASS H (Hedged)		0.9828 0.9810 0.9793 0.9955

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022

		Financial period from
		30.6.2021 (date of
		launch) to
	Note	31.10.2022
		RM
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the date of launch		
Movement due to units created and cancelled during the financial period:		
Creation of units from applications		
CLASS S		40,001,000
CLASS I		30,001,000
CLASS R		6,846,590 5,404,175
CLASS H (Hedged)	\ [†]	5,404,175 82,252,765
		02,202,100
Creation of units from distribution		
CLASS S CLASS I		17 503,703
CLASS I CLASS R		61,424
CLASS H (Hedged)		14,282
		579,426
	5.7	
Cancellation of units CLASS R		(1,135,378)
CLASS H (Hedged)		(47,582)
	8	(1,182,960)
	-	The state of the s
Decrease in net assets attributable to		
unitholders during the financial period		(642,980)
	2	
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the end		
of financial period		81,006,251

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022

Note	Financial period from 30.6.2021 (date of launch) to 31.10.2022
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	
Proceeds from sale of Shariah-compliant investments Purchase of Shariah-compliant instruments Profit income from unquoted sukuk Profit income from Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	10,210,000 (62,926,000) 1,681,022 758,633
Management fee paid Trustee fee paid Tax agent's fee paid Shariah Adviser's fee paid Payment for other fees and expenses Net realised foreign exchange gain	(162,180) (23,209) (1,908) (5,830) (1,428) 8,532
Net cash used in operating activities	(50,462,368)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Cash proceeds from units created Payments for release of units Distributions paid	82,115,282 (1,182,960) (671,222)
Net cash generated from financing activities	80,261,100
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	29,798,732
EFFECTS OF FOREIGN CURRENCY EXCHANGE	101
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE DATE OF LAUNCH	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL PERIOD 7	29,798,833

The accompanying summary of significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements of Nomura i-Income Fund 2 ("the Fund") have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by financial assets and financial liabilities (including Islamic derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss, in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported financial period. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgement are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note I.

(i) Standards and amendments to existing standards effective 1 January 2021

There are no standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on 30 June 2021 that have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

(ii) New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 January 2021 and have not been early adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 30 June 2021, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

B PRESENTATION AND FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's presentation and functional currency.

C FOREIGN CURRENCY TRANSLATION

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions or valuation where items are re-measured. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in statement of comprehensive income, except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

D INCOME RECOGNITION

Profit income from unquoted sukuk and Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are recognised on an accrual basis using the effective profit method.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

D INCOME RECOGNITION (CONTINUED)

Profit income is calculated by applying the effective profit rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective profit rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Realised gain and loss on sale of unquoted sukuk is measured by the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the Shariah-compliant investments (adjusted for accretion of discount or amortisation of premium).

Realised gain or loss on Islamic forward foreign currency contracts are measured by the net settlement amount as per the Islamic forward foreign currency contract.

E TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable income earned during the financial period.

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income or through profit or loss), and
- 2. those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its Shariah-compliant investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The contractual cash flows of the Fund's sukuk are solely principal and profit. However, these Shariah-compliant securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Investments in collective investment scheme have contractual cash flows that do not represent SPPI, and therefore are classified as fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies amount due from Manager and cash and cash equivalents as financial assets at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of the amount outstanding.

The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, amount due to Trustee, amount due to Shariah Adviser, and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value.

Financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the Shariah-compliant financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

Unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income in the financial period in which they arise.

Investments in Islamic collective investment schemes are valued at the last published net asset value ("NAV") per unit at the date of the statement of financial position.

Unquoted sukuk denominated in Ringgit Malaysia are revalued on a daily basis based on fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency ("BPA") registered with the Securities Commission of Malaysia ("SC") as per the SC Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products Under the Lodge and Launch Framework. Where such quotations are not available or where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by the BPA for a specific unquoted sukuk differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use the market price, provided that the Manager:

- (a) Records its basis for using a non-BPA price;
- (b) Obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price; and
- (c) Keeps an audit trail of all decisions and basis for adopting the market price.

Financial assets at amortised cost and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective profit method.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

F FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(iii) Impairment

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these Shariah-compliant instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12 month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of debtor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to repay the amount. The Fund may write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in impairment gains. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial period.

G CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balance and Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions that is readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

H CREATION AND CANCELLATION OF UNITS

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria of the definition of puttable instruments to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation'.

The Fund issues cancellable units, in four classes of units, known respectively as the Class S, Class I, Class R and Class H (Hedged), which are cancelled at the unitholders' option and do not have identical features subject to restrictions as stipulated in the Information Memorandum and Securities Commission's ("SC") Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds. The units are classified as financial liabilities.

Cancellable units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's NAV of respective classes. The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial period if the unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

H CREATION AND CANCELLATION OF UNITS (CONTINUED)

Units are created and cancelled at the unitholder's option at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit of respective classes at the close of business on the relevant dealing day. The Fund's NAV per unit of respective classes is calculated by dividing the net asset attributable to unitholders of respective classes with the total number of outstanding units of respective classes.

FINANCE COST

Distributions are at the discretion of the Fund. A distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a finance cost in the statement of comprehensive income, when they are appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the Fund. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the year in which it is approved by the Trustee.

J DERIVATIVE FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A derivative financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to both a financial asset of one enterprise and a financial liability or equity instrument of another enterprise.

The Fund's derivative financial instruments comprise forward foreign currency contracts. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Financial derivative positions will be "marked to market" at the close of each valuation day. Foreign exchange gains and losses on the derivative financial instrument are recognised in profit or loss when settled or at the date of the statement of financial position at which time they are included in the measurement of the derivative financial instrument. Derivative instruments that have a negative fair value are presented as liabilities as fair value through profit or loss.

The fair value of forward foreign currency contracts is determined using forward exchange rates on the date of the statement of financial position, with the resulting value discounted back to present value.

The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and the nature of the item being hedged. Derivatives that do not qualify for hedge accounting are classified as financial assets/liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

K CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Funds' results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

However, the Manager is of the opinion that there are no accounting policies which require significant judgement to be exercised.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

K CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Estimate of fair value of unquoted sukuk

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with the SC Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

Ringgit-denominated unquoted sukuk are valued using fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency ("BPA"). Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA for a specific unquoted sukuk differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use market price, provided that the Manager records its basis for using a non-BPA price, obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price. Refer to Note E for further explanation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022

1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

Nomura i-Income Fund 2 (the "Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Master Deed dated 03 May 2021 and a First Supplemental Deed dated 2 September 2022 entered into between Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") and Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the "Trustee").

The Fund was launched on 30 June 2021 and will continue its operations until being terminated by the Manager or the Trustee as provided under Clause 12 of the Deed.

The Fund will invest in RM-denominated Islamic fixed income instruments which are liquid and carries minimal risk of default. The Fund primarily invests in Islamic fixed income instruments including sukuk issued by or guaranteed by the Government of Malaysia and Islamic deposits and placement of money at call with licensed Islamic financial institutions by the Bank Negara Malaysia.

The Fund seeks to provide investors with recurring income on its investments.

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial instruments are as follows:

		At fair value		
		through	At	
	Note		amortised cost	Total
As at 31.10.2022		RM	RM	RM
Financial assets				
Cash and cash equivalents	7		29,798,833	29,798,833
Amount due from Manager			137,483	137,483
Unquoted sukuk	6	50,603,523		50,603,523
Forward foreign currency contracts	8	503,532		503,532
Total		51,107,055	29,936,316	81,043,371
Financial liabilities				
Accrued management fee		0.00	15,143	15,143
Amount due to Trustee			2,049	2,049
Amount due to Shariah Adviser			2,650	2,650
Auditor's remuneration			13,780	13,780
Tax agent's fee			3,498	3,498
Total			37,120	37,120

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk (inclusive of price risk, interest rate risk and currency risk), liquidity risk, credit/default risk, capital risk and fund management risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Deed and SC Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products Under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

Market risk

(a) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of an investment of the Fund will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk).

The Fund's overall exposure to price risk are as follows:

As at 31.10.2022 RM

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*

50,603,523

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net asset value and loss after tax to movements in prices of Shariah-compliant investments. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the price of the investments fluctuates by 5% with all other variables held constant.

<u>Market value</u> RM	Impact on loss after tax/ net asset value RM
52,973,760 47,928,640	2,522,560 (2,522,560)
	FM 52,973,760

^{*} Includes profit receivable of RM152,323.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(b) Interest rate risk

In general, when interest rates rise, valuation for unquoted sukuk will tend to fall and vice versa. Therefore, the net asset value of the Fund may also tend to fall when interest rates rise or are expected to rise when interest rates fall. However, investors should be aware that should the Fund hold an unquoted sukuk till maturity, such fluctuations would dissipate as it approaches maturity, and thus the growth of the net asset value shall not be affected at maturity. In order to mitigate interest rates exposure of the Fund, the Manager will manage the duration of the portfolio via shorter or longer tenured assets depending on the view of the future interest rate trend of the Manager, which is based on its continuous fundamental research and analysis.

This risk is crucial since sukuk portfolio management depends on forecasting interest rate movements. Sukuk with longer maturity and lower profit rates are more susceptible to interest rate movements.

Investors should note that sukuk is subject to interest rate fluctuations. Such investments may be subject to unanticipated rise in interest rates which may impair the ability of the issuers to make payments of interest and principal, especially if the issuers are highly leveraged. An increase in interest rates may therefore increase the potential for default by an issuer.

The above interest rate is a general economic indicator that will have an impact on the management of the Fund regardless whether it is an Islamic fund or otherwise. It does not in any way suggest that the Fund will invest in conventional financial instruments. All the investments carried out for the Fund are in accordance with Shariah requirements.

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's net asset value and profit after tax to movements in prices of sukuk held by the Fund as a result of movement in interest rates. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the interest rates increased and decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant.

Impact on loss after tax/ net asset value RM

% Change in interest rate

As at 31.10.2022

+ 1% (95,797) - 1% 96,027

The Fund's Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are short term in nature. Therefore, exposure to interest rate fluctuations is minimal.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(c) Currency risk

Currency risk is associated with cash holding denominated in United States Dollar. When the foreign currency fluctuates in an unfavorable movement against Ringgit Malaysia, the cash holding will face currency losses. The Manager will evaluate the likely directions of a foreign currency versus Ringgit Malaysia based on considerations of economic fundamentals such as interest differentials, balance of payments position, debt levels, and technical chart of considerations.

The following tables set out the foreign currency risk concentrations and counterparties of the Fund:

	Cash and	Forward foreign	
	cash	currency	
	<u>equivalents</u>	contracts	<u>Total</u>
	RM	RM	RM
As at 31.10.2022			
USD	214,618	503,532	718,150
			-

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's profit after tax and net asset value to changes in foreign exchange movements at the end of each reporting year. The analysis is based on the assumption that the foreign exchange rate changes by 5%, with all other variables held constant. This represents management's best estimate of a reasonable possible shift in a foreign exchange rate, having regard to historical volatility of this rate. Any increase/ (decrease) in foreign exchange rate will result in a corresponding (decrease)/increase in the net assets attributable to unitholder by approximately 5%. Disclosures below are shown in absolute terms, changes and impacts could be positive and negative.

	Change in foreign exchange rate	Impact on loss after tax/net net asset value
As at 31.10.2022	%	RM
USD	5	35,908

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk

The Fund maintains sufficient level of Islamic liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellation of units by unitholders. Islamic liquid assets comprise cash, Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions, and unquoted sukuk which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days. The Fund aims to reduce its liquidity risk by maintaining a prudent level of Islamic liquid assets.

The table below summarises the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining year as at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

	Less than 1 month RM	Between 1 month to 1 year RM	<u>Total</u> RM
As at 31.10.2022			
Accrued management fee	15,143		15,143
Amount due to Trustee	2,049		2,049
Amount due to Shariah Adviser		2,650	2,650
Auditors' remuneration	144	13,780	13,780
Tax agent's fee	22.	3,498	3,498
Contractual cash out flows	17,192	19,928	37,120

Credit/default risk

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or a counterparty to make timely payments of profit or principals payment on the maturity date. This may lead to a default in the payment of principal and profit and ultimately a reduction in the value of the Fund. In the case of the Fund, the Manager will endeavor to minimise the risk by selecting only issues with prescribed and acceptable credit ratings.

Credit risk arising from placements of Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place Islamic deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions.

The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units receivable from the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit/default risk (continued)

For unquoted sukuk, the Manager regularly reviews the rating assigned by the issuer so that necessary steps can be taken if the rating falls below those described by the Deed and SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

The following table sets out the credit risk concentration of the Fund:

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	Cash and cash equivalents	Amount due from Manager	Total
	RM	RM	RM	RM
As at 31.10.2022				
Financial services				
- AAA		13,584,700	- 23	13,584,700
- AA1		3,312,446	+	3,312,446
- AA3		12,901,687		12,901,687
Public finance - Not Rated	50,603,523	24	¥.5	50,603,523
Forward foreign currency contracts - AAA	503,532	1.5		503,532
Others - Not Rated			137,483	137,483
	51,107,055	29,798,833	137,483	81,043,371

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by net assets attributable to unitholders of RM81,006,251. The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the Shariah-compliant investment activities of the Fund.

Fund management risk

There is the risk that the management company may not adhere to the investment mandate of the respective Fund. With close monitoring by the investment committee, back office system being incorporated with limits and controls, and regular reporting to the senior management team, the management company is able to manage such risk. The Trustee has an oversight function over management of the Fund by the management company to safeguard the interests of unitholders.

Fair value estimation

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in an active market (such as publicly traded Islamic derivatives and Shariah-compliant securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Fund uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each year end date. Valuation techniques used for non-standardised Shariah-compliant financial instruments such as Islamic options, Islamic currency swaps and other over-the-counter Islamic derivatives, include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other Shariah-compliant instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

For instruments for which there is no active market, the Fund may use internally developed models, which are usually based on valuation methods and techniques generally recognised as standard within the industry. Valuation models are used primarily to value unlisted sukuk, for which market were or have been inactive during the financial period. Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value estimation (continued)

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds.

The fair values are based on the following methodology and assumptions:

- (i) The carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value for cash and cash equivalent.
- (ii) Ringgit-denominated unquoted sukuk are valued using fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency ("BPA"). Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA for a specific unquoted sukuk differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use market price, provided that the Manager records its basis for using a non-BPA price, and obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price.

Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including model risk, liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement.

Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

	Level 1 RM	<u>Level 2</u> RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
As at 31.10.2022				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - Unquoted sukuk - Forward currency contracts		50,603,523 503,532	5	50,603,523 503,532
		51,107,055		51,107,055

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, including collective investment schemes. The Fund does not adjust the quoted prices for these instruments.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. Level 2 instruments include unquoted sukuk.

As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information. The Fund's policies on valuation of these financial assets are stated in Note E.

The carrying value of amount due from Manager, cash and cash equivalent and all current liabilities are reasonable approximation of the fair value due to their short-term nature.

3 MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 5.00 % per annum of the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Fund calculated and accrued on a daily basis.

For the financial period from 30 June 2021 (date of launch) to 31 October 2022, the management fee is recognised at a rate of 0.15% per annum of the NAV of Class S, at a rate of 0.25 % per annum of the NAV of Class I and at a rate of 0.40 % per annum of the NAV of Class R and Class H (Hedged) respectively, calculated on a daily basis for the financial period.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of the management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

4 TRUSTEE FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Trustee is entitled to an annual fee at a rate not exceeding 0.10% per annum of the Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Fund (excluding foreign custody fees and charges), subject to a minimum fee of RM12,000 per annum.

For the financial period from 30 June 2021 (date of launch) to 31 October 2022, the trustee fee is recognised at a rate of 0.03% per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis for the financial period (excluding foreign custody fees and charges), subject to a minimum fee of RM12,000 per annum.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of the trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

5 TAXATION

Financial period from 30.6.2021 (date of launch) to 31.10.2022 RM

Current taxation - local

The numerical reconciliation between net income before finance cost and taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	Financial period from 30.6.2021 (date of launch) to 31.10.2022
Net income before finance cost and taxation	607,668
Tax at applicable rate of 24% Tax effect of:	145,840
Investment income not subject to tax Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Restriction on tax deductible expenses for	(201,442) 9,737
unit trust Funds	45,865
Taxation	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Financial asse					As at 31.10.2022 RM 50,603,523
					Financial period from 30.6.2021 (date of launch) to 31.10.2022 RM
 Net realised 	ancial assets at FVTPL co loss on sale of financial a ed loss on changes in fair	ssets at FV7	ΓPL	-	(47,475) (1,914,968) (1,962,443)
Unquoted Suki	uk				Percentage
Nominal value RM	Name of Counter	Rating	<u>Cost</u> RM	Fair value as at 31.10.2022 RM	of net assets value 31.10.2022
21,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	20,895,998	20,363,875	25.14
25,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	26,473,350	25,103,017	30.99
5,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	5,149,143	5,136,631	6.34
TOTAL UNQU	OTED SUKUK		52,518,491	50,603,523	62.47
	UNREALISED LOSS ON CHANGES IN FAIR VA		(1,914,968)		
	TOTAL FINANCIAL ASS AT FAIR VALUE THRO PROFIT OR LOSS		50,603,523		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	As at <u>31.10.2022</u> RM
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions Bank balances in a licensed bank	28,967,594 831,239
	29,798,833
Weighted average effective profit rates per annum is as follows:	
	<u>31.10.2022</u> %

Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions have an average maturity of 16 days.

8 FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY CONTRACTS

Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions

As at the date of statement of financial position, there are 7 Islamic forward foreign currency contracts outstanding. The notional principal amount of the outstanding Islamic forward foreign currency contracts amounted to RM5,733,602 (receivable) and RM5,230,070 (payable). The Islamic forward foreign currency contracts entered into during the financial period to minimise the risk of foreign exchange exposure between the RM and USD for the Fund. As the Fund has not adopted hedge accounting during the financial period, the change in the fair value of the Islamic foreign currency forward contracts is recognised immediately in the statement of income and expenses.

2.66

currency forward contracts is recognised immediately in the statement of income and expenses.	
	31.10.2022 RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss:	
- forward foreign currency contracts	503,532
	Financial
	period from
	30.6.2021
	(date of
	launch) to
	31.10.2022 RM
Net gain on forward foreign currency contracts at fair value through profit or loss:	
- unrealised gain on forward foreign currency contracts	503,532

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

8 FORWARD FOREIGN CURRENCY CONTRACTS (CONTINUED)

Forward foreign currency contracts as at 31 October 2022 is as follows:

	Name of issuer	Receivables RM	<u>Payables</u> RM	<u>Fair value</u> RM	Percentage of net asset value of the Fund %
	CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	5,733,602	5,230,070	503,532	0.62
9	NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION	ON			Financial period from 30.6.2021 (date of launch) to 31.10.2022 No. of units
	Class S At beginning of the financial period Creation of units during the financial Arising from creations Arising from distributions	period:			40,193,926 17
	At end of the financial period				40,193,943
	Class I At beginning of the financial period Creation of units during the financial period Arising from creations Arising from distributions	period:			29,983,011 513,515
	At end of the financial period				30,496,526
	Class R At beginning of the financial period Creation of units during the financial period Arising from creations Arising from distributions Cancellation of Units	period:			6,928,385 62,665 (1,159,275)
	At end of the financial period				5,831,775

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

9	NUMBER OF	UNITS IN CIRCUL	ATION	(CONTINUED)	
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Class H (Hedged)

At beginning of the financial period

Creation of units during the financial period:

Arising from creations 1,256,641
Arising from distributions 3,197
Cancellation of Units (10,595)

At end of the financial period 1,249,243

10 DISTRIBUTIONS

Financial period from 30.6.2021 (date of launch) to 31.10.2022 RM

Distributions to unitholders are from the following sources:

Profit income from unquoted sukuk at fair value through profit or loss 1,476,468

Net realised gain on foreign exchange 5,855

1,482,323 Less: Expenses (231,675)

1,250,648

During the financial period, distributions per unit were made as follows:

Gross/net distribution

2022

Class S,I and R

 RM/unit

 December 2021
 0.00100

 April 2022
 0.00170

 May 2022
 0.00720

 September 2022
 0.00190

 October 2022
 0.00490

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

10 DISTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

	Gross/net distribution
	<u>2022</u>
Class H (Hedged)	
	<u>USD/unit</u>
December 2021	0.00024
April 2022	0.00040
May 2022	0.00160
September 2022	0.00040
October 2022	0.00100

Gross distribution is derived using total income less total expenses.

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution for unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

There is an unrealised loss of RM1,411,335 during the financial period ended 31 October 2022.

11 TRANSACTIONS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Details of transactions with the top 10 financial institutions are as follows:

	Value of trade RM	of total trade %
31.10.2022		
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	296,401,000	37.28
RHB Islamic Bank Berhad	291,248,000	36.63
AmBank Islamic Berhad	68,155,500	8.57
Citibank (M) Bhd	62,139,500	7.82
Maybank Islamic Berhad	24,367,000	3.07
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad	18,004,000	2.26
Kuwait Finance House (Malaysia) Berhad	12,079,000	1.52
Bank Islam Malaysia Berhad	7,762,000	0.98
Alliance Islamic Bank Bhd	6,000,000	0.75
AmBank (M) Berhad	5,910,000	0.74
Others	3,000,000	0.38
	795,066,000	100.00

All financial institutions above are not related to the Manager.

The above transactions were in respect of money market placements and fixed income transactions. Transactions in these investments do not involve any commission or brokerage.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

12 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

2022 %

TER 0.37

TER is derived from the following calculation:

TER =
$$\frac{(A+B+C+D+E+F)}{G} \times 100$$

A = Management fee B = Trustee's fee

C = Shariah Adviser's fee
D = Audit fee

D = Audit fee E = Tax agent's fee F = Other expenses

G = Average net asset value of Fund calculated on daily basis

The average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on daily basis is RM62,714,579.

13 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

2022

PTR (times) 0.59

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

(Total acquisition for the financial period + total disposal for the financial period) ÷ 2

Average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on daily basis

Where: total acquisition for the financial period = RM63,571,410 total disposal for the financial period = RM10,367,647

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD FROM 30 JUNE 2021 (DATE OF LAUNCH) TO 31 OCTOBER 2022 (CONTINUED)

14 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related party of and its relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related party	<u>Relationship</u>
Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd The Nomura Trust and Banking Co., Ltd.	The Manager Associate Company
Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad for Nomura Global Shariah Strategic Growth Fund Senior Management of the Manager	Fund Managed by the Manager Director of the Manager
Schol Wanagement of the Wanager	Director of the Manager

		31.10.2022
	No. of units	RM
Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd		
- CLASS S	1,017	1,000
- CLASS I	1,017	998
- CLASS R	1,017	996
CLASS H (Hedged)	1,004	4,724
Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad For Nomura Global Shariah Strategic Growth Fund - CLASS R	3,780,111	3,701,863
The Nomura Trust and Banking Co,. Ltd CLASS H (Hedged)	999,527	4,702,475

In the opinion of the Manager, the above units were transacted at the prevailing market price. Save and except for units held by the Manager, the above units are held legally and beneficially by the related party(ies). The units held by the Manager are held legally for booking purposes.

In addition to the related party disclosure mentioned elsewhere in the financial statements, there were no other significant related party transactions and balances.

Other than the above, there were no units held by parties related to the Manager.

15 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been approved for issue by the Manager on 22 December 2022.

16 SHARIAH INFORMATION OF THE FUND

The Shariah Adviser has confirmed that the investment portfolio of the Fund is Shariah-compliant, which comprises liquid assets that are placed in the Shariah-Compliant investment and/or instruments.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

We, Leslie Yap Kim Loong and Atsushi Ichii, being two of the Directors of Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 1 to 29 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deed and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 October 2022 and of its financial performance, changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the financial period from 30 June 2021 (date of launch) to 31 October 2022 in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager, NOMURA ASSET MANAGEMENT MALAYSIA SDN BHD

LESLIE YAP KIM LOONG Managing Director

ATSUSHI ICHII Director

Kuala Lumpur 22 December 2022





Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad Registration No: 200701005591 (763590-H)

Level 20, Menara IMC 8 Jalan Sultan Ismail 50250 Kuala Lumpur

Tel +603 2053 7522 Fax +603 2053 7526

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF NOMURA i-INCOME FUND 2 ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial period from 30 June 2021 (date of launch) to 31 October 2022 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:-

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Soon Lai Ching

Senior Manager, Trustee Operations

Jiva Munusamy

Head, Client Management

Kuala Lumpur

2 2 DEC 2022



SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF NOMURA i-INCOME FUND 2

We hereby confirm:

To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the financial period covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and requirements and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and

The assets of the Fund comprise instruments that have been classified as Shariah compliant by the Shariah Advisory Council ("SAC") of the Securities Commission Malaysia. As for the instruments which are not classified as Shariah compliant by the SAC of the Securities Commission Malaysia, we have reviewed the said instruments and confirmed that these instruments are Shariah compliant.

For ZICO Shariah Advisory Services Sdn Bhd

DR. AIDA OTHMAN

Designated Person Responsible for Shariah Matters Relating to the Fund

Kuala Lumpur 22 December 2022



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NOMURA I-INCOME FUND 2

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of Nomura i-Income Fund 2 ("the Fund") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 October 2022, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial period from 30 June 2021 (date of launch) to 31 October 2022 in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 October 2022, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statement of cash flows for the financial period then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 1 to 29.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Manager's Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT (LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146), Chartered Accountants, Level 10, Menara TH 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, P.O. Box 10192, 50706 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia T: +60 (3) 2173 1188, F: +60 (3) 2173 1288, www.pwc.com/my



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NOMURA I-INCOME FUND 2 (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to terminate the Fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a highlevel of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NOMURA I-INCOME FUND 2 (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NOMURA I-INCOME FUND 2 (CONTINUED)

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the unitholders of the Fund, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT

LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur 22 December 2022