

Nomura Ringgit Bond Fund 2

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2023

MANAGER:

NOMURA ASSET MANAGEMENT MALAYSIA SDN BHD Business Registration No.: 200601028939 (748695-A)

TRUSTEE:

DEUTSCHE TRUSTEES MALAYSIA BERHAD Business Registration No.: 200701005591 (763590-H)

AUDITOR:

PRICEWATERHOUSE COOPERS PLT

Business Registration No.: LLP0014401-LCA & AF1146



Table of Contents

MANAGER'S REPORT	i
TRANSACTIONS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND BROKERS/DEALERS	ii
SOFT COMMISSIONS RECEIVED FROM BROKERS	iii
INCOME DISTRIBUTION	iii
FUND PERFORMANCE DATA	iii

ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



MANAGER'S REPORT

Category, Objective and Distribution Policy

Nomura Ringgit Bond Fund 2 (the "Fund") is a wholesale fixed income fund which seeks to generate regular income by investing in fixed income securities whilst carefully considering capital preservation on behalf of its investors.

Subject to availability of income, distribution will be on monthly basis.

Fund Type

Income

Benchmark

12-month Malayan Banking Berhad Fixed Deposit Account Rate.

Performance as at 31 March 2023

For the period under review from 1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023, the Fund has registered a 4.19% return. Compared to the Benchmark return of 2.49%, the Fund outperformed its Benchmark by 1.70%. The last published Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund as at 31 March 2022 was RM 0.9622 as compared to the NAV per unit as at 31 March 2023 of RM 0.9728. On the total NAV basis, the Fund's NAV stood at RM 264.61 million as at 31 March 2023.

Performance as at 31 March 20223 (%)

Terrormance as at 51 M	1 Month (01/03/2023 - 31/03/2023)	3 months (01/01/2023- 31/03/2023)	6 Months (01/10/2022- 31/03/2023)	1 Year 01/04/2022- 31/03/2023)	Since Commencement (29/07/2020- 31/03/2023)
Fund	0.60	2.12	3.82	4.19	3.65
Benchmark	0.24	0.70	1.40	2.49	5.69
Outperformance/ (Underperformance)	0.36	1.42	2.42	1.70	-2.04

Source of Fund and Benchmark Returns: Refinitiv Lipper

Volatility as at 31 March 2023

	3-Year	
Fund	N/A	

Source: Refinitiv Lipper

This information is prepared by Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd ("NAMM") for information purposes only. Past earnings of the Fund's distribution record is not a guarantee or reflection of the Fund's future earnings/future distributions. Investors are advised that unit prices, distributions payable and investment returns may go down as well as up.

i



Strategies Employed (1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023)

As 2022 continued to remain a fairly volatile for the domestic bond market, we maintained our defensive positioning through a 1/3 allocation in government bonds for liquidity purposes and 2/3 allocation in high quality corporate bonds to anchor the Fund's carry.

Summary of Asset Allocation

	31 March 2023	31 March 2022
Malaysian Government Securities / Government Investment Issues / Government Guaranteed Securities	33.41%	33.60%
Corporate Bonds / Sukuk	66.26%	63.47%
Cash and other net current assets / liabilities	0.33%	2.93%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

Review of Market (1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023)

Market volatility continued to characterise the bond market in 2022. In the first two quarters of the financial year, yields surged globally as inflation pressure rose to multi-decade highs. Global central banks responded to surging inflation pressure by raising interest rates sharply which saw global bond yields surge. The domestic bond market was not spared, with rates rising in tandem with Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM") raising the Overnight Policy Rate ("OPR") from 1.75% to 2.75% by year end.

However, the domestic bond market bottomed out by 4Q22 as markets began to anticipate the end of the global rate hike cycle. The domestic rally began in earnest in November 2022 following the formation of the unity government in Malaysia which resolved the political uncertainty that hung over the Malaysian market for the past two years. This rally gained further steam in 1Q23 as BNM surprised markets by pausing on its OPR hiking cycle in both Monetary Policy Committee meetings that took place over the quarter, leaving the policy rate at 2.75%. Prior to this, markets were pricing in a terminal rate range of 3.25-3.50%.

TRANSACTIONS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND BROKERS/DEALERS

Cross Trades (1 April 2022 to 31 March 2023)

During the financial period under review, eight (8) cross trades were conducted between the Fund and accounts managed by the Manager and the Manager's related company.

	Total Value of trades (RM)
Nomura i-Income Fund	24,690,000
Private Mandate	4,965,500
Total	29,655,500

All transactions were in the best interest of the Fund and executed through RHB Investment Bank Berhad on an arm's length and fair value basis.



SOFT COMMISSIONS RECEIVED FROM BROKERS

Soft commissions received from brokers/dealers are retained by the Manager only if the goods and services provided are of demonstrable benefit to unit holders of the Fund.

During the financial period under review, the Manager did not receive any soft commission.

INCOME DISTRIBUTION

The Fund distributed a gross total of RM 0.0290 per unit to investors of the Fund over the period under review.

The Net Asset Value per Unit prior and subsequent to the distributions were as follows:

Cum-Distribution Date	Cum- Distribution (RM)	Ex-Distribution Date	Ex-Distribution (RM)	Distribution per Unit (RM)
17-May-22	0.9456	18-May-22	0.9403	0.0055
15-Sep-22	0.9652	19-Sep-22	0.9629	0.0045
22-Dec-22	0.9704	23-Dec-22	0.9578	0.0128
15-Mar-23	0.9771	16-Mar-23	0.9706	0.0062

FUND PERFORMANCE DATA

	As at <u>31 March 2023</u>	As at <u>31 March 2022</u>
Total NAV (RM)	264,609,982	261,722,402
NAV per Unit (RM)	0.9728	0.9622
Unit in Circulation	272,007,887	272,007,887
Highest NAV (RM)	0.9773	0.9880
Lowest NAV (RM)	0.9403	0.9601

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

CONTENTS	PAGE(S)
STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME	1
STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION	2
STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSET VALUE	3
STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS	4
SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES	5 - 10
NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	11 - 31
STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER	32
TRUSTEE'S REPORT	33
INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT	34 - 37

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> RM	<u>2022</u> RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Interest income from unquoted fixed income securities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")		8,691,496	8,150,595
Interest income from deposits with licensed financial institutions at amortised cost		76,132	204,783
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	6	2,625,930	(3,664,364)
		11,393,558	4,691,014
EXPENSES			
Management fee Trustee's fee Audit fee Tax agent's fee Other expenses	3 4	(522,651) (78,398) (9,000) (4,600) (3,100) (617,749)	(531,813) (79,772) (9,000) (4,134) (2,701) (627,420)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		10,775,809	4,063,594
TAXATION	5	-	-
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		10,775,809	4,063,594
Profit after taxation is made up of the following: Realised amount Unrealised amount		7,739,998 3,035,811	7,727,958 (3,664,364)
		10,775,809	4,063,594

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2023

	<u>Note</u>	As at <u>31.3.2023</u> RM	As at <u>31.3.2022</u> RM
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit	7	926,671	7,742,759
or loss ("FVTPL")	6	263,749,423	254,044,898
TOTAL ASSETS		264,676,094	261,787,657
LIABILITIES			
Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee	3 4	44,953 6,743	44,853 6,728
Other payables and accruals	4	14,416	13,674
TOTAL LIABILITIES		66,112	65,255
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		264,609,982	261,722,402
UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS			
Unitholders' capital Accumulated loss		272,450,000 (7,840,018)	272,450,000 (10,727,598)
NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO			(10,727,590)
UNITHOLDERS		264,609,982	261,722,402
UNITS IN CIRCULATION (UNITS)	8	272,007,887	272,007,887
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM)		0.9728	0.9622

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSET VALUE FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	<u>Note</u>	Unitholders' <u>capital</u> RM	Accumulated <u>losses</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Balance as at 1 April 2022		272,450,000	(10,727,598)	261,722,402
Movement in unitholders' contribution: Total comprehensive income for the financial year		-	10,775,809	10,775,809
Distributions	9	<u>-</u>	(7,888,229)	(7,888,229)
Balance as at 31 March 2023		272,450,000	(7,840,018)	264,609,982
Balance as at 1 April 2021		272,450,000	(5,923,735)	266,526,265
Movement in unitholders' contribution: Total comprehensive income				
for the financial year Distributions	9	-	4,063,594 (8,867,457)	4,063,594 (8,867,457)
Balance as at 31 March 2022		272,450,000	(10,727,598)	261,722,402

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2023</u> RM	<u>2022</u> RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of investments Proceeds from redemption of investments Purchase of investments Interest income from unquoted fixed income securiti Interest income from deposits with licensed financial institutions Management fee paid Trustee's fee paid Tax agent's fee paid Payment for other fees and expenses	es	14,907,000 5,000,000 (28,699,100) 10,405,001 76,132 (522,551) (78,383) (3,858) (12,100)	(20,022,000) 9,879,566 204,783 (532,354) (79,853) (3,498) (11,701)
Net cash generated from/(used in) operating activities	es	1,072,141	(10,565,057)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY			
Distributions paid		(7,888,229)	(8,867,457)
Net cash used in financing activity		(7,888,229)	(8,867,457)
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(6,816,088)	(19,432,514)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF FINANCIAL YEAR		7,742,759	27,175,273
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	7	926,671	7,742,759

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reported financial year. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgment in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgment are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note I.

(i) Standards and amendments to existing standards effective 1 April 2022

There are no standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that are effective for annual periods beginning on 1 January 2022 that have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

(ii) New standards, amendments and interpretations effective after 1 April 2022 and have not been early adopted

A number of new standards, amendments to standards and interpretations are effective for annual periods beginning after 1 January 2022, and have not been early adopted in preparing these financial statements. None of these are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

B PRESENTATION AND FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's presentation and functional currency.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

C INCOME RECOGNITION

Interest income from deposits with licensed financial institutions and unquoted fixed income securities are recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Realised gain and loss on sale of unquoted fixed income securities are measured by the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments (adjusted for accretion of discount or amortisation of premium).

D TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable income earned during the financial year.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

E FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Fund has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities as fair value through other comprehensive income. The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities are solely principal and interest. However, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents as financial assets at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of the amount outstanding.

The Fund classifies accrued management fee, amount due to Trustee, and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value.

Financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

Unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income in the financial year in which they arise.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

E FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Recognition and measurement (continued)

Unquoted fixed income securities denominated in Ringgit Malaysia are revalued on a daily basis based on fair value prices quoted by Bond Pricing Agency Malaysia Sdn Bhd ("BPAM") registered with the Securities Commission of Malaysia ("SC") as per the SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework. Where such quotations are not available or where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by the BPAM for a specific unquoted fixed income securities differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use the market price, provided that the Manager:

- (a) Records its basis for using a non-BPAM price;
- (b) Obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPAM price; and
- (c) Keeps an audit trail of all decisions and basis for adopting the market price.

Deposits with licensed financial institutions are stated at cost plus accrued interest calculated on the effective interest method over the period from the date of placement to the date of the statement of financial position, which is a reasonable estimate of fair value due to the short-term nature of the deposits.

Financial assets at amortised cost and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(iii) Impairment

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12 month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of debtor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to repay the amount. The Fund may write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in impairment gains. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial year.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

F CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balance and deposits with licensed financial institutions that is readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

G UNITHOLDERS' CAPITAL

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria of the definition of puttable instruments to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation'. These criteria include:

- The units entitle the holders to a pro-rata share of the Fund's net asset value;
- The units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical:
- There is no contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase the units; and
- The total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the change in the net asset of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if the unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net asset attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

H DISTIBUTIONS

Distributions are at the discretion of the Fund. A distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserves. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the year in which it is approved by the Trustee.

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

I CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Fund's results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

However, the Manager is of the opinion that there are no accounting policies which require significant judgement to be exercised.

Estimate of fair value of unquoted fixed income securities

In undertaking any of the Fund's investment, the Manager will ensure that all assets of the Fund under management will be valued appropriately, that is at fair value and in compliance with the SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

Ringgit-denominated unquoted fixed income securities are valued using fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency ("BPA"). Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA for a specific unquoted fixed income securities differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use market price, provided that the Manager records its basis for using a non-BPA price, obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price. Refer to Note E for further explanation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023

1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

Nomura Ringgit Bond Fund 2 (the "Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Master Deed dated 1 July 2020 entered into between Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") and Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the "Trustees")."

The Fund was launched on 28 July 2020 and will continue its operations until being terminated by the Manager or the Trustee as provided under Clause 25 of the Deed.

In order to achieve the investment objective of the Fund, the Fund Manager considers the different sources of returns and liquidity profiles from an array of fixed income instruments denominated in Ringgit Malaysia.

The Fund seeks to generate regular income by investing in fixed income securities whilst carefully consider capital preservations on behalf of its investors.

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial instruments are as follows:

As at 31.3.2023	<u>Note</u>	At fair value through profit or loss RM	At amortised cost RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Financial assets				
Unquoted fixed income securities Cash and cash equivalents	6 7	263,749,423	926,671	263,749,423 926,671
Total		263,749,423	926,671	264,676,094
Financial liabilities				
Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee Other payables and accruals		- - -	44,953 6,743 14,416	44,953 6,743 14,416
Total		-	66,112	66,112
As at 31.3.2022				
Financial assets				
Unquoted fixed income securities Cash and cash equivalents	6 7	254,044,898	- 7,742,759	254,044,898 7,742,759
Total		254,044,898	7,742,759	261,787,657

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments are as follows: (continued)

	<u>Note</u>		At amortised cost	<u>Total</u>
As at 31.3.2023 (continued)		RM	RM	RM
Financial liabilities				
Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee		-	44,853 6,728	44,853 6,728
Other payables and accruals		-	13,674	13,674
Total		-	65,255	65,255

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk (inclusive of price risk and interest rate risk), liquidity risk, credit/default risk, capital risk and fund management risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Deed and SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

Market risk

(a) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of an investment of the Fund will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk).

The Fund's overall exposure to price risk are as follows:

	As at <u>31.3.2023</u> RM	As at <u>31.3.2022</u> RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*	263,749,423	254,044,898

^{*} Includes profit receivable of RM2,578,363 (2022: RM2,379,048).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(a) Price risk (continued)

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's NAV and profit after tax to movements in prices of Shariah-compliant investments. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the price of the investments fluctuates by 5% with all other variables held constant.

% Change in price	Market value RM	Impact on profit after tax/NAV RM
As at 31.3.2023		
+5% -5%	274,229,613 248,112,507	13,058,553 (13,058,553)
<u>As at 31.3.2022</u>		
+5% -5%	264,249,143 239,082,557	12,583,293 (12,583,293)

(b) Interest rate risk

In general, when interest rates rise, valuation for unquoted fixed income securities will tend to fall and vice versa. Therefore, the NAV of the Fund may also tend to fall when interest rates rise or are expected to rise when interest rates fall. However, investors should be aware that should the Fund hold an unquoted fixed income securities till maturity, such fluctuations would dissipate as it approaches maturity, and thus the growth of the NAV shall not be affected at maturity. In order to mitigate interest rates exposure of the Fund, the Manager will manage the duration of the portfolio via shorter or longer tenured assets depending on the view of the future interest rate trend of the Manager, which is based on its continuous fundamental research and analysis.

This risk is crucial since unquoted fixed income securities portfolio management depends on forecasting interest rate movements. Fixed income securities with longer maturity and lower interest rates are more susceptible to interest rate movements.

Investors should note that unquoted fixed income securities is subject to interest rate fluctuations. Such investments may be subject to unanticipated rise in interest rates which may impair the ability of the issuers to make payments of interest and principal, especially if the issuers are highly leveraged. An increase in interest rates may therefore increase the potential for default by an issuer.

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's NAV and profit after tax to movements in prices of unquoted fixed income securities held by the Fund as a result of movement in interest rates. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the interest rates increased and decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(b) Interest rate risk (continued)

	Impact on loss	Impact on loss after tax/NAV		
	As at	As at		
	<u>31.3.2023</u>	31.3.2022		
	RM	RM		
% Change in interest rate				
+ 1% (2022: +1%)	(437,096)	(483,763)		
- 1% (2022: -1%)	438,074	485,280		

The Fund's deposits with licensed financial institutions are short term in nature. Therefore, exposure to interest rate fluctuations is minimal.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations.

The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellation of units by unitholders. Liquid assets comprise cash, deposits with licensed financial institutions, and unquoted bonds which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days. The Fund aims to reduce its liquidity risk by maintaining a prudent level of liquid assets.

The table below summarises the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining year as at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

As at 31.3.2023	Less than 1 month RM	Between 1 month to 1 year RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee Other payables and accruals	44,953 6,743	- - 14,416	44,953 6,743 14,416
Contractual undiscounted cash out flows	51,696	14,416	66,112
As at 31.3.2022			
Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee Other payables and accruals	44,853 6,728 -	- 13,674	44,853 6,728 13,674
Contractual undiscounted cash out flows	51,581	13,674	65,255

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit/default risk

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or a counterparty to make timely payments of interest or principals payment and proceeds from realisation of investments. This may lead to a default in the payment of principal and interest and ultimately a reduction in the value of the Fund. In the case of the Fund, the Manager will endeavor to minimise the risk by selecting only issues with prescribed and acceptable credit ratings.

Credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents are managed by ensuring that the Fund will maintain cash balance and only place deposits with reputable licensed financial institutions.

For unquoted fixed income securities, the Manager regularly reviews the rating assigned by the issuer so that necessary steps can be taken if the rating falls below those described by the Deed and SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

The following table sets out the credit risk concentration of the Fund:

	Financial		
	assets at		
	fair value	Cash	
	through	and cash	
	profit or loss	<u>equivalents</u>	<u>Total</u>
	RM	RM	RM
As at 31.3.2023			
Banks			
- AAA	-	200,060	200,060
- AA1	44,514,375	726,611	45,240,986
- AA2	5,090,982	-	5,090,982
- Not Rated	4,989,425	-	4,989,425
Financial services			
- AA1	10,147,127	-	10,147,127
Public finance			
- AAA (S)	9,192,609	-	9,192,609
- Not Rated	73,818,192	-	73,818,192
Real estate			
- AA- IS	19,987,041	-	19,987,041
Transportation			
- AAA	9,722,196	-	9,722,196
- AA1 (S)	10,833,107	-	10,833,107
- AA2	5,154,131	-	5,154,131
- AA IS	4,994,433	-	4,994,433
- Not Rated	9,572,540	-	9,572,540
Travel and Leisure			
- AA1 (S)	40,343,394	-	40,343,394
- AA-	5,072,288	-	5,072,288
Utilities			
- AA1	10,317,583		10,317,583
	263,749,423	926,671	264,676,094

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

RM RM As at 31.3.2022 Construction and engineering - AA- IS 5,071,369 - Financial services	RM 5,071,369 7,016,336
Construction and engineering - AA- IS 5,071,369 -	
- AA- IS 5,071,369 -	
- AA- IS 5,071,369 -	
Financial services	7 016 336
i ilialiciai selvices	7 016 336
- AAA - 7,016,336	1,010,000
- AA1 55,120,151 726,423 5	55,846,574
- AA3 5,061,310 -	5,061,310
- A1 5,212,301 -	5,212,301
- Not Rated 14,537,932 - 1	14,537,932
Infrastructures and utilities	
- AAA 9,711,692 -	9,711,692
- AA1 10,164,983 - 1	10,164,983
- AA1 (S) 10,912,607 - 1	10,912,607
- AA- IS 4,988,192 -	4,988,192
Property and real estate	
- AA- IS 15,045,463 - 1	15,045,463
Public finance	
- Not Rated 63,932,959 - 6	63,932,959
Trading & Services	
- AA1 (S) 39,753,045 - 3	39,753,045
- AA- 5,077,369 -	5,077,369
Transportation	
- Not Rated 9,455,525 -	9,455,525
254,044,898 7,742,759 26	61,787,657

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of unitholders' capital of RM272,450,000 (2022: RM272,450,000) and accumulated losses of RM7,840,018 (2022: RM10,727,598). The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

Fund management risk

There is the risk that the management company may not adhere to the investment mandate of the respective Fund. With close monitoring by the investment committee, back office system being incorporated with limits and controls, and regular reporting to the senior management team, the management company is able to manage such risk. The Trustee has an oversight function over management of the Fund by the management company to safeguard the profits of unitholders.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value estimation

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in an active market (such as publicly traded derivatives and trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Fund uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each year end date. Valuation techniques used for non-standardised financial instruments such as options, currency swaps and other over-the-counter derivatives, include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

For instruments for which there is no active market, the Fund may use internally developed models, which are usually based on valuation methods and techniques generally recognised as standard within the industry. Valuation models are used primarily to value unlisted fixed income securities, for which market were or have been inactive during the financial year. Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds.

The fair values are based on the following methodology and assumptions:

- (i) The carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value for cash and cash equivalent.
- (ii) Ringgit-denominated unquoted bonds are valued using fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency ("BPA"). Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA for a specific unquoted bonds differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use market price, provided that the Manager records its basis for using a non-BPA price, and obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price.

Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including model risk, liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value hierarchy

The Fund adopted MFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" in respect of disclosures about the degree of reliability of fair value measurement. This requires the Fund to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement.

Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

RM	<u>Level 2</u> RM	<u>Level 3</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
<u>-</u>	263,749,423	-	263,749,423
	254,044,898		254,044,898
		- 263,749,423	- 263,749,423 -

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. Level 2 instruments include unquoted fixed income securities.

As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information. The Fund's policies on valuation of these financial assets are stated in Note E.

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalent and all current liabilities are reasonable approximation of the fair value due to their short-term nature.

3 MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 3.00% per annum of the NAV of the Fund calculated and accrued on a daily basis.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2023, the management fee is recognised at a rate of 0.20% (2022: 0.20%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis for the financial year.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of the management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

4 TRUSTEE FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Trustee is entitled to an annual fee at a rate not exceeding 0.03% per annum of the NAV of the Fund, subject to a minimum fee of RM12,000 per annum, calculated daily on the NAV of the Fund.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2023, the trustee fee is recognised at a rate of 0.03% (2022: 0.03%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis for the financial year

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of the trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

5 TAXATION

	<u>2023</u> RM	<u>2022</u> RM
Current taxation - local		

The numerical reconciliation between profit before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	<u>2023</u> RM	2022 RM
Profit before taxation	10,775,809	4,063,594
Tax at applicable rate of 24% (2022: 24%) Tax effect of:	2,586,194	975,263
Investment income not subject to tax	(2,832,825)	(2,005,291)
Investment loss not deductible for tax purposes	98,371	879,447
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Restriction on tax deductible expenses for	33,423	20,656
Wholesale Funds	114,837	129,925
Taxation	<u>-</u>	

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

				<u>31.</u>	As at 3.2023 RM	As at <u>31.3.2022</u> RM
Financial asset	ts at FVTPL: ked income securities			263,7	49,423 ====================================	254,044,898
	on financial assets at F\				<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
 Net realised loss on sale of financial assets at FVTPL Net unrealised gain/(loss) on changes in fair values 		(409,881 3,035,811		(3,664,364)		
				2,6	25,930 ====================================	(3,664,364)
Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	<u>Rating</u>	<u>(</u>	Cost RM	Fair value as at <u>31.3.2023</u> RM	assets value 31.3.2023
5,000,000	AZRB Capital Sdn. Bhd.	AA- IS	5,188,	130	5,029,869	1.90
5,000,000	Danainfra Nasional Berhad	Not Rated	5,014,	005	4,805,605	1.82
5,000,000	Danainfra Nasional Berhad	Not Rated	5,201,	588	4,883,127	1.84
10,000,000	GENM Capital Berhad	AA1 (S)	10,429,	069	10,129,429	3.83
15,000,000	GENM Capital Berhad	AA1 (S)	15,876,	220	15,084,247	5.70
10,000,000	GENM Capital Berhad	AA1 (S)	10,961,	778	10,284,464	3.89
5,000,000	Genting RMTN Berhad	AA1 (S)	5,231,	483	4,845,255	1.83
20,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	20,945,	115	19,870,870	7.51
15,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	15,148,	879	13,883,965	5.25

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	<u>Rating</u>	<u>Cost</u> RM	Fair value as at <u>31.3.2023</u> RM	Percentage of net assets value 31.3.2023 %
30,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	31,709,922	30,374,624	11.48
9,000,000	Infracap Resources Sdn. Bhd.	AAA (S)	8,852,525	9,192,609	3.47
10,000,000	Malayan Banking Berhad	AA1	10,146,082	9,665,782	3.65
10,000,000	Malayan Banking Berhad	AA1	10,049,515	9,797,415	3.70
5,000,000	Malayan Banking Berhad	AA1	5,268,811	5,106,412	1.93
10,000,000	Malaysia Airports Hodings Berhad	AAA	10,131,096	9,722,196	3.67
5,000,000	Malaysia Airports Hodings Berhad	AA2	5,155,621	5,154,131	1.95
5,000,000	Pelabuhan Tanjung Pelepas Sdn. Bhd.	AA- IS	5,137,889	4,994,433	1.89
10,000,000	Prasarana Malaysia Berhad	Not Rated	10,120,340	9,572,540	3.62
5,000,000	RHB Bank Berhad	AA2	5,044,482	5,090,982	1.92
10,000,000	Sabah Credit Corporation	AA1	10,518,711	10,147,127	3.83
10,000,000	Sabah Development Bank Berhad	AA1	10,377,279	9,975,749	3.77
10,000,000	Sabah Development Bank Berhad	AA1	10,372,530	9,969,016	3.77
10,000,000	Samalaju Industrial Port Sdn. Bhd.	AA1 (S)	11,582,945	10,833,107	4.09
5,000,000	Small Medium Enterprise Development Bank Malaysia Berhad	Not Rated	5,203,556	4,989,425	1.89

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	Rating	<u>Cost</u> RM	Fair value as at <u>31.3.2023</u> RM	Percentage of net assets value 31.3.2023 %
5,000,000	STM Lottery Sdn. Bhd.	AA-	5,065,562	5,072,288	1.92
5,000,000	UEM Sunrise Berhad	AA- IS	5,008,114	4,989,177	1.88
10,000,000	UEM Sunrise Berhad	AA- IS	10,178,960	9,967,996	3.77
5,000,000	YTL Power International Berhad	AA1	5,389,997	5,114,208	1.93
5,000,000	YTL Power International Berhad	AA1	5,418,287	5,203,375	1.97
	TOTAL UNQUOTED BOI	NDS	274,728,491	263,749,423	99.67
	UNREALISED LOSS ON CHANGES IN FAIR VAI		(10,979,068)		
	TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSI AT FAIR VALUE THRO PROFIT OR LOSS		263,749,423		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	Rating	<u>Cost</u> RM	Fair value as at 31.3.2022 RM	Percentage of net assets value 31.3.2022 %
5,000,000	AmBank Islamic Berhad	A1	5,324,866	5,212,301	1.99
5,000,000	AZRB Capital Sdn. Bhd.	AA- IS	5,217,966	5,071,369	1.94
5,000,000	Danainfra Nasional Berhad	Not Rated	5,014,005	4,759,706	1.82
5,000,000	Danainfra Nasional Berhad	Not Rated	5,228,723	4,840,101	1.85
10,000,000	GENM Capital Berhad	AA1 (S)	10,579,545	10,076,029	3.85
15,000,000	GENM Capital Berhad	AA1 (S)	16,076,763	14,887,147	5.69
10,000,000	GENM Capital Berhad	AA1 (S)	11,104,750	10,105,764	3.86
5,000,000	Genting RMTN Berhad	AA1 (S)	5,251,082	4,684,105	1.79
20,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	21,141,799	19,921,870	7.61
15,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	15,145,218	13,748,965	5.25

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	Rating	<u>Cost</u> RM	Fair value as at <u>31.3.2022</u> RM	Percentage of net assets value 31.3.2022 %
30,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	32,016,428	30,262,124	11.56
10,000,000	Malayan Banking Berhad	AA1	10,146,082	9,704,582	3.71
10,000,000	Malayan Banking Berhad	AA1	10,049,515	9,892,215	3.78
5,000,000	Malayan Banking Berhad	AA3	5,181,915	5,061,310	1.93
5,000,000	Malayan Banking Berhad	AA1	5,345,411	5,227,162	2.00
10,000,000	Malaysia Airports Hodings Berhad	AAA	10,130,192	9,711,692	3.71
5,000,000	Pelabuhan Tanjung Pelepas Sdn. Bhd.	AA- IS	5,155,156	4,988,192	1.91
10,000,000	Prasarana Malaysia Berhad	Not Rated	10,122,625	9,455,525	3.61
10,000,000	Sabah Credit Corporation	AA1	10,607,316	10,256,527	3.92
10,000,000	Sabah Development Bank Berhad	AA1	10,506,028	10,023,149	3.83
10,000,000	Sabah Development Bank Berhad	AA1	10,500,937	10,016,516	3.83
10,000,000	Samalaju Industrial Port Sdn. Bhd.	AA1 (S)	11,770,515	10,912,607	4.17
5,000,000	Small Medium Enterprise Development Bank Malaysia Berhad	Not Rated	5,233,989	4,938,125	1.89
5,000,000	Sports Toto Malaysia Sdn. Bhd	AA-	5,074,855	5,077,369	1.94
5,000,000	UEM Sunrise Berhad	AA- IS	5,012,911	5,014,327	1.91
10,000,000	UEM Sunrise Berhad	AA- IS	10,181,874	10,031,136	3.83

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	Rating	<u>Cost</u> RM	Fair value as at 31.3.2022 RM	Percentage of net assets value 31.3.2022
5,000,000	YTL Power International Berhad	AA1	5,450,343	5,017,058	1.92
5,000,000	YTL Power International Berhad	AA1	5,488,968	5,147,925	1.97
	TOTAL UNQUOTED BOI	NDS	268,059,777	254,044,898	97.07
	UNREALISED LOSS ON CHANGES IN FAIR VAI		(14,014,879)		
	TOTAL FINANCIAL ASS AT FAIR VALUE THRO PROFIT OR LOSS		254,044,898		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

8

	As at <u>31.3.2023</u> RM	As at <u>31.3.2022</u> RM
Deposits with licensed financial institutions Bank balances in a licensed bank	200,060 726,611	7,016,336 726,423
	926,671	7,742,759
Weighted average effective interest rates per annum is as fo	llows:	
	31.3.2023 %	31.3.2022 %
Deposits with licensed financial institutions	2.75	1.75
Deposits with licensed financial institutions have an average	maturity of 3 days (2022: 1 day).
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION		
	2023 No. of units	2022 No. of units
At beginning of the financial year Creation of units during the financial year: Arising from creations	272,007,887	272,007,887
At end of the financial year	272,007,887	272,007,887

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

9 DISTRIBUTIONS

	<u>2023</u> RM	<u>2022</u> RM
Distributions to unitholders are from the following sources:		
Undistributed net income brought forward Interest income from unquoted fixed income securities at FVTPL and deposit with	-	1,139,499
licensed financial institutions at amortised cost	8,505,978	8,355,378
Less: Expenses	8,505,978 (617,749)	9,494,877 (627,420)
	7,888,229	8,867,457

During the financial year, distributions per unit were made as follows:

	Gross/net distribution	
	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
	RM/unit	RM/unit
May 2022	0.0055	
May 2022	0.0055	-
September 2022	0.0045	-
December 2022	0.0128	-
March 2023	0.0062	-
April 2021	-	0.0080
June 2021	-	0.0053
September 2021	-	0.0048
December 2021	-	0.0096
March 2022	-	0.0049

Gross distribution is derived using total income less total expenses.

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution for unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

During the financial year ended 31 March 2022, the Fund incurred unrealised losses of RM3,664,364.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

10 TRANSACTIONS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Details of transactions with the financial institutions are as follows:

31.3.2023	Value of trade RM	Percentage of total trade %
<u></u>		
Public Bank Berhad	346,344,000	88.82
RHB Investment Bank Berhad	33,687,100	8.64
CIMB Bank Berhad	5,004,000	1.28
Malayan Banking Berhad	4,915,000	1.26
	389,950,100	100.00
31.3.2022		
Public Bank Berhad	768,225,000	97.46
Malayan Banking Berhad	20,022,000	2.54
	788,247,000	100.00

All financial institutions above are not related to the Manager.

The above transactions were in respect of money market placements and fixed income transactions. Transactions in these investments do not involve any commission or brokerage.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

11 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

	<u>2023</u> %	<u>2022</u> %
TER	0.24	0.24

TER is derived from the following calculation:

$$TER = \underbrace{(A+B+C+D+E)}_{F} x 100$$

A = Management fee
B = Trustee's fee
C = Audit fee
D = Tax agent's fee
E = Other expenses

F = Average NAV of Fund calculated on daily basis

The average NAV of the Fund for the financial year calculated on daily basis is RM261,322,236 (2022: RM265,902,999).

12 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	<u>2023</u>	<u>2022</u>
PTR (times)	0.09	0.04

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

(Total acquisition for the financial year + total disposal for the financial year) ÷ 2

Average NAV of the Fund for the financial year calculated on daily basis

Where: total acquisition for the financial year = RM28,915,210 (2022: RM20,022,000) total disposal for the financial year = RM19,982,410 (2022: RM NIL)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2023 (CONTINUED)

13 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related party of and its relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related party Relationship

Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd

Senior management of the Manager

The Manager

Director(s) of the Manager

There were no units held by the Manager and parties related to the Manager.

14 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been approved for issue by the Manager on 29 May 2023.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

We, Leslie Yap Kim Loong and Atsushi Ichii, being two of the Directors of Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 1 to 31 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deed and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 March 2023 and of its financial performance, changes in net asset value and cash flows for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager, NOMURA ASSET MANAGEMENT MALAYSIA SDN BHD

LESHÉ YAP KIM LOONG Managing Director

ATSUSHI ICHII Director

Kuala Lumpur 29 May 2023



Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad Registration No: 200701005591 (763590-H)

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TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDER OF NOMURA RINGGIT BOND FUND 2 ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 March 2023 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:-

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under The Lodge and Launch Framework:
- Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Ng Hon Leong

Head, Fund Operations

Jiva Munusamy

Head, Client Management

Kuala Lumpur 29 May 2023



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDER OF NOMURA RINGGIT BOND FUND 2

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of Nomura Ringgit Bond Fund 2 ("the Fund") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 March 2023, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2023, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net asset value and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 1 to 31.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Manager's Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT (LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146), Chartered Accountants, Level 10, Menara TH 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, P.O. Box 10192, 50706 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia T: +60 (3) 2173 1188, F: +60 (3) 2173 1288, www.pwc.com/my



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDER OF NOMURA RINGGIT BOND FUND 2 (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to terminate the Fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDER OF NOMURA RINGGIT BOND FUND 2 (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDER OF NOMURA RINGGIT BOND FUND 2 (CONTINUED)

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the unitholder of the Fund, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT

LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur 29 May 2023