

Nomura i-Income Fund

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year Ended 31 December 2024

MANAGER:

NOMURA ASSET MANAGEMENT MALAYSIA SDN. BHD. Business Registration No.: 200601028939 (748695-A)

TRUSTEE:

DEUTSCHE TRUSTEES MALAYSIA BERHAD Business Registration No.: 200701005591 (763590-H)

AUDITOR:

Pricewaterhouse Coopers PLT

Business Registration No.: LLP0014401-LCA & AF1146

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This Annual Report is available, upon request, to unit holders without charge



1. FUND PROFILE

1.1 Fund Name

Nomura i-Income Fund ("Fund")

1.2 Type and Category of Fund

Income - Fixed Income (Islamic)

1.3 Duration of the Fund

The Fund is an open-ended fund.

1.4 Investment Objectives

The Fund seeks to provide investors with regular income distributions through investments in Islamic deposits, Islamic money market instruments and sukuk.

1.5 Distribution Policy

Distribution of income, if any, is on quarterly basis and may be made from realised gains, realised income and/or out of capital.

1.6 Performance Benchmark

12-month Malayan Banking Berhad General Investment Account Rate ("Benchmark").

2. FUND PERFORMANCE

2.1 Key Fund Performance Data*

Asset Allocation / Portfolio Composition	31 Dec 2024	31 Dec 2023	31 Dec 2022
Government Investment Issue	47.34%	58.32%	20.73%
Islamic commercial paper/ Sukuk	40.06%	20.00%	65.90%
Cash and other net current assets / liabilities	12.60%	21.68%	13.37%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

Fund - Class I

Category	1 Jan 2024 to 31 Dec 2024	1 Jan 2023 to 31 Dec 2023	1 Jan 2022 to 31 Dec 2022
Highest NAV per Unit (RM) ¹	1.0432	1.1184	1.1014
Lowest NAV per Unit (RM) ¹	0.8130	1.0336	1.0471
Total Return (%) ² - Capital growth (%) - Income (%)	(19.69) 30.98	(4.84) 5.25	(0.65) 1.29
Gross/Net Distribution per unit (sen)	25.74	5.43	1.40
Total NAV (RM) ¹	1,035	113,857,427	370,470,212
NAV per Unit (ŔM)	0.8307	1.0345	1.0871
Unit in Circulation	1,246	110,056,500	340,802,865

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Fund - Class R

Category	1 Jan 2024	1 Jan 2023	1 Jan 2022
	to	to	to
	31 Dec 2024	31 Dec 2023	31 Dec 2022
Highest NAV per Unit (RM) ¹	1.0406	1.1171	1.1014
Lowest NAV per Unit (RM) ¹	0.8079	1.0314	1.0471
Total Return (%) ² - Capital growth (%) - Income (%)	(20.08)	(5.00)	(0.69)
	31.20	5.26	1.29
Gross/Net Distribution per unit (sen)	25.74	5.43	1.40
Total NAV (RM) ¹ NAV per Unit (RM) Unit in Circulation	21,395,938	34,222,836	47,671,793
	0.8250	1.0323	1.0866
	25,933,720	33,152,393	43,871,303

Category	1 Jan 2024 to 31 Dec 2024	1 Jan 2023 to 31 Dec 2023	1 Jan 2022 to 31 Dec 2022
Total Expense Ratio (%)3	0.34	0.29	0.27
Portfolio Turnover Ratio (time) ⁴	0.86	0.87	0.46

Notes:

- (1) Figures shown as ex-distribution.
- (2) Total Return of the Fund and its Benchmark for a period are calculated based on the absolute return of the Fund for that period. The calculation of the Total Return of the Fund is based on NAV-to-NAV basis, and is sourced from Refinitiv Lipper. Fund performances include reinvestment of income distributions into the Fund. The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/decline in NAV for the stipulated period taking into account all the distributions payable (if any) during the stipulated period:
 - Capital Return= {NAV per Unit End / NAV per Unit Beginning 1} x 100
 - Income Return= {Income Distribution per Unit / NAV per Unit Ex-Distribution} x 100
- (3) Total Expense Ratio ("TER") is calculated based on the total fees and expenses incurred by the Fund divided by the average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on daily basis.
- (4) Portfolio Turnover Ratio ("PTR") is calculated based on the total acquisitions and total disposals of investment securities of the Fund for the financial period divided by the average net asset value of the Fund for the financial period calculated on daily basis.
- (5) The income distribution declared for the full year 2024 was an one-off event, with distortion due to reduced units in circulation of the Fund.

^{*} Prior to 1 October 2022, the Fund was managed as a single class wholesale fund. Hence, the aforementioned Fund data prior to 1 October 2022 reflects the data of the Fund as a single class wholesale fund which are subject to guidelines, restrictions and risks applicable to wholesale fund.

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2.2 Average Total Return of the Fund ¹

Fund - Class I

	1 Year	3 Year	5 Years
	to 31 Dec 2024	to 31 Dec 2024	to 31 Dec 2024
Average Total Return (%)	5.83	2.14	2.83

Source: Refinitiv Lipper

Fund - Class R

	1 Year	3 Year	5 Years
	to 31 Dec 2024	to 31 Dec 2024	to 31 Dec 2024
Average Total Return (%)	5.47	1.96	2.72

Source: Refinitiv Lipper

2.3 Annual Total Return of the Fund ¹

Fund - Class I

Tulid – Olass I						
	FY2024	FY2023	FY2022	FY2021	FY2020	
Total Return (%) ²	5.83	0.05	0.65	0.83	7.01	
Benchmark (%)	2.57	2.45	2.22	1.95	2.50	

Source: Refinitiv Lipper

Fund - Class R

	FY2024	FY2023	FY2022	FY2021	FY2020
Total Return (%) ²	5.47	-0.11	0.61	0.83	7.01
Benchmark (%)	2.57	2.45	2.22	1.95	2.50

Source: Refinitiv Lipper

Notes:

(1) Prior to 1 October 2022, the Fund was managed as a single class wholesale fund. Hence, the aforementioned Fund data prior to 1 October 2022 reflects the data of the Fund as a single class wholesale fund which are subject to guidelines, restrictions and risks applicable to wholesale fund.



(2) Annual Total Return of the Fund and its Benchmark for a period are calculated based on the absolute return of the Fund for that period. The calculation of the Annual Total Return of the Fund is based on NAV-to-NAV basis, and is sourced from Refinitiv Lipper. Fund performances include reinvestment of income distributions into the Fund. Further details on basis of calculation and assumption made in calculating returns is as follows:

The performance figures are a comparison of the growth/decline in NAV for the stipulated period taking into account all the distributions payable (if any) during the stipulated period:

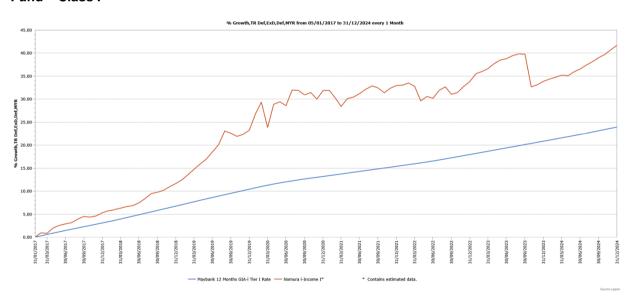
- Capital Return= {NAV per Unit End / NAV per Unit Beginning 1} x 100
- Income Return= {Income Distribution per Unit / NAV per Unit Ex-Distribution} x 100
- **Total Return** = $(1 + Percentage Growth)^{1/n} 1$

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

3. MANAGER'S REPORT

<u>Performance of Nomura i-Income Fund from 5 January 2017* to 31 December</u> 2024

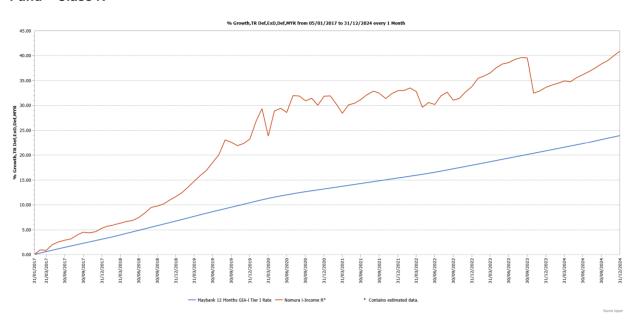
Fund - Class I



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Fund - Class R



* The Fund commenced on 8 November 2012. However, there were no units in circulation for the period between 21 March 2016 and 4 January 2017. As such, the Fund's performance figures are only available from 5 January 2017 onwards.

Benchmark: 12-month Malayan Banking Berhad General Investment Account Rate **Source:** The calculation of the Annual Total Return of the Fund is based on NAV-to-NAV basis, and is sourced from Refinitiv Lipper. Fund performances include reinvestment of income distributions into the Fund.

3.1 Performance for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

Fund - Class I

For the period under review from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024, Class I has registered 5.83% return. Compared to the Benchmark return of 2.57%, Class I has outperformed the Benchmark by 3.26%. The Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit of Class I as at 31 December 2024 was RM0.8307 compared to the NAV per unit as at 31 December 2023 of RM1.0345. On the total NAV basis, Class I's NAV stood at RM1.035 as at 31 December 2024.

Fund - Class R

For the period under review from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024, Class R has registered 5.47% return. Compared to the Benchmark return of 2.57%, Class R has outperformed the Benchmark by 2.90%. The Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit of Class R as at 31 December 2024 was RM0.8250 compared to the NAV per unit as at 31 December 2024 of RM1.0323. On the total NAV basis, Class R's NAV stood at RM21.40 million as at 31 December 2024.



3.2 Review of Market for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

Volatility remained a mainstay in 2024 both globally and domestically. High rates volatility throughout the year largely stemmed from external factors, amongst others, the highly-anticipated US Presidential Election, market expectations on the timing and quantum of US Federal Reserve (US Fed)'s rate cut, and geopolitical tensions. Global yields surged as US data releases suggested that the US Fed could hold back from performing further jumbo rate cuts. Notably, the US Fed cut rates to 4.50% from the multi-decade high of 5.50% in 2024. Meanwhile, on the domestic front, BNM remained focused on the resilient domestic economy with manageable inflation, and did not follow suit in embarking the rate normalization path seen globally, maintaining the Overnight Policy Rate (OPR) steady at 3.00% throughout the year. Overall, domestic bond market continued its rally in 1Q24, before surging in mid-2024, then rallied again towards the end of the year.

3.3 Investment Outlook

As global yields were on the upswing, we were cautious of the market, reducing the duration of the portfolio. We see signs that a correction of interest rates are occurring especially in the global interest rate environment. We have deployed into longer dated GII to better yield the portfolio, though we have remained liquid for the liquidity needs of the fund. We see a rally in the bond market to be beneficial for the portfolio and would take advantage to realise gains when available.

3.4 Strategies Employed for the period from 1 January 2024 to 31 December 2024

As global yields were on the upswing, the domestic market rallied, benefiting our portfolio, though the 4Q24 did see a slight weakness in the market. We believe BNM has lost its opportunity to further cut rates, as cyclical growth and inflation may hold the policymakers' hand. We had focused investment in the belly of the credit curve, specifically the 3-7 year portion, where the rolldown would offer some benefit, while keeping some liquidity for the liquidity requirements of the fund.

RAM reaffirmed the credit rating of Country Garden Real Estate Sdn Bhd (CGRE) at B3/Negative. The rating announcement was made on 11 March 2024. According RAM, the rating reaffirmation focuses more on CGRE's standalone credit profile owing to the ongoing challenges faced by its ultimate parent company – Country Garden Holdings Company Limited (COGARD or the Group). In February 2024, the Hong Kong's court received a winding-up petition by one of COGARD's creditor, Ever Credit Ltd., relating to the non-payment of a term loan facility of about HK\$1.6 billion (\$204 million) owed to the creditor. Notwithstanding the challenges faced by its ultimate parent, CGRE has indicated that it has been financially self-reliant since 2022 and is expected to benefit from the increased momentum and interest seen in the Johor property market following the recent measures unveiled by the government particularly on the Forest City Special Financial Zone (FCSFZ).

During the financial year, the sukukholders to CGRE's secured Islamic Medium Term Notes programme ("Programme") agreed to waive certain events of default associated with (amongst others) failure by its guarantors to observe its obligations under the corporate guarantee, subject to (amongst other conditions) maintenance of a security cover of two point five times (2.5x) the outstanding amount of sukuk under the Programme. CGRE has until 21 Feb 2025 (or some further period that may be agreed by the security trustee) to execute the necessary land charges and thereafter until 21 June 2025 (or some further period that may be agreed by the security trustee) to perfect and effect these charges to maintain the 2.5x security cover.

Recently, in January 2025, the CGRE conveyed that restructuring plans announced by its ultimate parent company, Country Garden Holdings, will not affect the creditors in Malaysia. CGRE also reiterated their commitment to pay into the finance service account the amounts necessary to meet its financial obligations, as required by the transaction documents.



3.5 Asset Allocation

Asset Allocation / Portfolio Composition	31 Dec 2024	31 Dec 2023	31 Dec 2022
Government Investment Issue	47.34%	58.32%	20.73%
Islamic commercial paper/ Sukuk	40.06%	20.00%	65.90%
Cash and other net current assets / liabilities	12.60%	21.68%	13.37%
Total	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%

There were no significant changes on the Fund's asset allocation during the financial year under review.

3.6 Securities Lending or Repurchase Transactions

The Fund has not undertaken any securities lending or repurchase transactions during the financial year under review.

3.7 Income Distribution

The Manager has distributed a total of gross/net distribution of RM0.2574 per unit for unit holders of each Class I and Class R over the financial year ended 31 December 2024.

The Net Asset Value per Unit prior and subsequent to the distributions were as follows:

Fund - Class I

Cum- Distribution Date	Cum- Distribution (RM)	Ex- Distribution Date	Ex- Distribution (RM)	Distribution per Unit (RM)
15-Mar-2024	1.0430	18-Mar-2024	1.0287	0.0145
18-Jun-2024	1.0386	19-Jun-2024	1.0170	0.0224
17-Sep-2024	1.0334	18-Sep-2024	0.8130	0.2205

Fund - Class R

Cum- Distribution Date	Cum- Distribution (RM)	Ex- Distribution Date	Ex- Distribution (RM)	Distribution per Unit (RM)
15-Mar-2024	1.0404	18-Mar-2024	1.0260	0.0145
18-Jun-2024	1.0355	19-Jun-2024	1.0139	0.0224
17-Sep-2024	1.0282	18-Sep-2024	0.8079	0.2205

3.8 Details of Any Unit Split Exercise

There was no unit split exercise during the financial year under review.



3.9 Significant Changes in the State of Affairs of the Fund

There were no significant changes in the state of affairs of the Fund during the financial period under review.

However, a first supplementary prospectus of the Fund dated 25 March 2024 has been issued to reflect the changes made to the Fund.

In addition, please find the latest changes to the Manager's board of directors as follows:

Mr. Leslie Yap Kim Loong

Mr. Atsushi Ichii

Ms. Chooi Su May

Mr. Tomoya Kawagishi (Resigned on 23 May 2024)

Mr. Kenichi Suzuki (Appointed on 1 October 2024)

Dato' Mona Suraya Binti Kamaruddin*

Ms. Julia Binti Hashim*

Tabulated in **Appendix 1** for full list of changes made to the Fund.

3.10 Circumstances that Materially Affect Any Interest of Unit Holders

There were no circumstances that had materially affected the interest of the unit holders during the financial year under review.

3.11 Cross Trades Transactions

During the financial year under review, seven (7) cross trades were conducted between the Fund and other funds / accounts managed by the Manager and/or the Manager's related company.

Total Value of trades (RM)

Total	15,425,000
Private Mandates	15,425,000

All transactions were in the best interest of the Fund and executed through Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad on an arm's length and fair value basis.

3.12 Soft Commissions Received From Brokers

The Manager did not receive any soft commission during the financial year under review.

This Annual Report is prepared by the Manager of the Fund, Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn. Bhd., for information purposes only. Past earnings of the Fund's distribution record is not a guarantee or reflection of the Fund's future earnings or future distributions. Investors are advised that unit prices, distributions payable and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

^{*} Independent director

Eugene Ray Martin has replaced Mr Joel

Lim Soo Min as the

NOMURA i-INCOME FUND ("FUND")

LIST HIGHLIGHTING THE AMENDMENTS FROM PROSPECTUS DATED 1 OCTOBER 2022 ("PRINCIPAL PROSPECTUS") AND THE FIRST SUPPLEMENTARY PROSPECTUS") IN RELATION TO THE FUND

NO.	PRINCIPAL PROSPECTUS	FIRST SUPPLEMENTARY PROSPECTUS	REASON FOR AMENDMENT AND COMPLIANCE WITH PARAGRAPHS 9.70 – 9.72 OF THE GUIDELINES ON UNIT TRUST FUNDS ("GUTF")
Gene	eral:		· ,
chang of the As the	ges that will affect unit holders' decision to stay invested in the Fe Fund as provided under the guidance to paragraph 9.71(a) of	ffect unit holders' decision to stay invested in the Fund, we will i	olicy or minimum balance
1.	Section 4 - Understanding the Risks of the Fund, Specific Risks of the Fund, Reinvestment Risk	Section 4 - Understanding the Risks of the Fund, Specific Risks of the Fund, Reinvestment Risk	Amended as we would like to standardise the disclosure with our
	This is a risk that future proceeds (profit and/or capital) are reinvested at a lower potential profit rate for Islamic deposits which are placed with financial institutions. Reinvestment risk is especially evident during periods of falling interest rates where the profit payments are reinvested at a lower profit rate compared to the initial profit rate. For investments in sukuk, the reinvestment risk will be apparent during periods of falling profit rates as the Fund will be reinvesting at higher prices (there is an inverse relationship between interest rates and prices of sukuk).	This is a risk that future proceeds (profit and/or capital) are reinvested at a lower potential profit rate for Islamic deposits which are placed with financial institutions. Reinvestment risk is especially evident during periods of falling profit rates where the profit payments are reinvested at a lower profit rate compared to the initial profit rate. For investments in sukuk, the reinvestment risk will be apparent during periods of falling profit rates as the Fund will be reinvesting at higher prices (there is an inverse relationship between interest rates and prices of sukuk).	other funds' prospectus.
2.	(there is an inverse relationship between interest rates and	(there is an inverse relationship between interest rates and	Ar

Mr Eugene Ray Martin – Designated Fund Manager

Mr Joel Lim Soo Min – Designated Fund Manager

Joel joined NAMM's Fixed Income team in August 2013. He has been involved in credit analysis, macroeconomic research and portfolio management. Prior to joining NAMM, he was an equity analyst with a local asset management firm for 2 years.

He earned a Bachelor of Actuarial Studies from the Australian National University, Australia. He holds a Capital Markets Services Representative's Licence for fund management under the CMSA.

Eugene joined NAMM in August 2019 as Portfolio Manager attached to the Malaysian Fixed Income and Global Sukuk team. Prior to joining NAMM, Eugene was a strategist for Fixed Income Currency and Commodities of CIMB Investment Bank. He was also Fund Manager and Senior Credit Analyst for AmFunds Management.

As Portfolio Manager at NAMM, Eugene is a contributing member of the Emerging Bond Investment meetings held regularly and jointly with other Emerging Bond market specialists from Nomura Asset Management offices in New York, Singapore, Tokyo, London and Frankfurt.

Eugene holds a Masters of Applied Economics from the Australian National University and a Bachelor in Health Sciences (Hons) Biomedicine from Universiti Sains Malaysia.

designated fund manager effective 2 November 2023.

3. Section 9.4.2 - Cleansing/Purification Process for the Fund, Shariah Non-compliant Investment

This refers to Shariah non-compliant investment made by the Manager. The said Shariah non-compliant investment will be disposed/withdrawn within 1 month of knowing the status of the investment. In the event the investment resulted in gain (through capital gain and/or profit) before or after the withdrawal of the investment, the gain is to be channelled to baitulmal and/or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser. If the withdrawal of the investment resulted in losses to the Fund, the losses are to be borne by the Manager.

Section 12 - Conflict of Interest and Related Party Transactions, Policies On Dealing With Conflict Of Interest Situations, 4th paragraph

We generally discourage cross trades and prohibit any transactions between client(s) accounts and fund accounts. Any cross trade activity require prior approval with the

Section 9.4.2 - Cleansing/Purification Process for the Fund, Shariah Non-compliant Investment

This refers to Shariah non-compliant investment made by the Manager. The said Shariah non-compliant investment will be disposed/withdrawn within 1 month of knowing the status of the investment. In the event the Shariah non-compliant investment resulted in gain (through capital gain and/or interest) received before or after the withdrawal of the investment, the gain is to be channelled to baitulmal and/or any other charitable bodies as advised by the Shariah Adviser. If the withdrawal of the investment resulted in losses to the Fund, the losses are to be borne by the Manager. The Fund has a right to retain only the investment cost.

Amended as we would like to standardise the disclosure with our other funds' prospectus.

Section 12 - Conflict of Interest and Related Party Transactions, Policies On Dealing With Conflict Of Interest Situations, 4^{th} paragraph

We generally discourage cross trades and prohibit any transactions between client(s) accounts and fund accounts. Any cross trade activity require prior approval with the

Amended as we would like to standardise the disclosure with our other funds' prospectus.

relevant supporting justification(s) to ensure the trades are executed in the best interest of both funds and such transactions were executed at arm's length. Cross trades will be reported to the members of the committee undertaking the oversight function of the Fund to ensure compliance to the relevant regulatory requirements.

relevant supporting justification(s) to ensure the trades are executed in the best interest of both funds and such transactions were executed at arm's length and fair value basis. Cross trades will be reported to the members of the committee undertaking the oversight function of the Fund to ensure compliance to the relevant regulatory requirements.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2024</u> RM	<u>2023</u> RM
INVESTMENT INCOME Profit income from unquoted sukuk at fair value			
through profit or loss ("FVTPL") Profit income from Islamic deposits with licensed		3,417,393	12,714,027
financial institutions at amortised cost Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at fair value		406,936	1,549,760
through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	6	250,067	(4,097,397)
		4,074,396	10,166,390
EXPENSES			
Management fee	3	241,291	877,978
Trustee's fee	4	28,158	103,272
Shariah Adviser's fee		6,360	3,931
Audit fee Tax agent's fee		12,570 4,600	11,970 4,600
Other expenses		4,548	5,337
		297,527	1,007,088
NET INCOME BEFORE FINANCE COST AND			
TAXATION		3,776,869	9,159,302
FINANCE COST			
Distributions	10	(9,974,874)	(14,183,387)
NET LOSS BEFORE TAXATION		(6,198,005)	(5,024,085)
TAXATION	5	-	.=
DECREASE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE			***************************************
TO UNITHOLDERS		(6,198,005)	(5,024,085)
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders is made of the following:			
Realised amount		(6,454,809)	(922,377)
Unrealised amount		256,804	(4,101,708)
		(6,198,005)	(5,024,085)

The accompanying material accounting policy information and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2024

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2024</u> RM	2023 RM
ASSETS Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit	7	2,685,260	32,421,343
or loss ("FVTPL") Amount due from Manager	6	18,701,612 110,000	115,989,474
TOTAL ASSETS		21,496,872	148,410,817
LIABILITIES Amount due to Manager Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee Amount due to Shariah Adviser Auditor's remuneration Other payables and accruals	3 4	70,991 7,715 1,016 2,017 13,324 4,836	272,095 34,914 3,861 2,120 12,688 4,876
TOTAL LIABILITIES (EXCLUDING NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS)	rs	99,899	330,554
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		21,396,973	148,080,263
NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDE	RS	21,396,973	148,080,263
REPRESENTED BY			
FAIR VALUE OF OUTSTANDING UNITS (RM) Class I Class R		1,035 21,395,938	113,857,427 34,222,836
NUMBER OF UNIT IN CIRCULATION (UNITS) Class I Class R	9 9	1,246 25,933,720	110,056,500 33,152,393
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM) Class I Class R		0.8307 0.8250	1.0345 1.0323

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	2024 RM	2023 RM
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the beginning of financial year	148,080,263	418,142,005
Movement due to units created and cancelled during the financial year:		
Creation of units from applications Class I Class R	1,000 16,581,653 ————————————————————————————————————	60,867,594
Creation of units from distribution Class I Class R	216 5,913,573 — 5,913,789	220,322 2,384,497 2,604,819
Cancellation of units Class I Class R	(112,268,637) (30,713,090) (142,981,727)	(254,671,536) (73,838,534) (328,510,070)
Decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders during the financial year	(6,198,005)	(5,024,085)
Net assets attributable to unitholders at the end of financial year	21,396,973	148,080,263

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

	<u>Note</u>	2024 RM	2023 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Proceeds from sale of Shariah-compliant			
investments		116,931,700	405,711,383
Proceeds from redemption of Shariah-compliant investments		5,000,000	10,000,000
Purchase of Shariah-compliant instruments		(25,439,500)	(176,727,900)
Profit income from unquoted sukuk Profit income from Islamic deposits with licensed		4,459,439	15,873,773
financial institutions		406,936	1,549,760
Management fee paid		(268,490)	(924,641)
Trustee's fee paid		(31,003)	(110,491)
Tax agent's fee paid		(4,916)	(3,900)
Shariah Adviser's fee paid		(6,463)	(5,830)
Payment for other fees and expenses		(12,523)	(17,264)
Net cash generated from operating activities		101,035,180	255,344,890
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
Cash proceeds from units created		16,472,653	60,892,972
Payments for cancellation of units		(143,182,831)	(328,250,353)
Distributions paid		(4,061,085)	(11,578,568)
Net cash used in financing activities		(130,771,263)	(278,935,949)
			-
NET DECREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(29,736,083)	(23,591,059)
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR		32,421,343	56,012,402
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	7	2,685,260	32,421,343

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with MFRS and International Financial Reporting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported financial year. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgement are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note J to the financial statements.

(i) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are applicable and effective:

There are no standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that are applicable and effective for annual periods beginning on 1 January 2024 that have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

- (ii) Standards and amendments that have been issued that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7 'Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments' (effective 1 January 2026):
 - The amendments clarify that financial assets are derecognised when the rights to the cash flows expire or when the asset is transferred, and financial liabilities are derecognised at the settlement date (i.e. when the liability is extinguished or qualifies for derecognition.).
 - There is an optional exception to derecognise a financial liability at a date earlier than the settlement date if the cash transfer takes place through an electronic payment system, provided that all the specified criteria are met;
 - The amendments also clarify and add further guidance for assessing whether a financial asset meets the solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") criterion;

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- (ii) Standards and amendments that have been issued that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective (continued):
 - Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7 'Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments' (effective 1 January 2026) (continued):
 - There are additional new disclosures for certain instruments with contractual terms that can change cash flows (such as some financial instruments with features linked to the achievement of environment, social and governance targets); and
 - The amendments update the disclosures for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").
 - MFRS 18 'Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements' (effective 1 January 2027) replaces MFRS 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements'.
 - The new MFRS introduces a new structure of profit or loss statement.
 - (a) Income and expenses are classified into 3 new main categories:
 - Operating category which typically includes results from the main business activities;
 - ii. Investing category that presents the results of investments in associates and joint ventures and other assets that generate a return largely independently of other resources; and
 - iii. Financing category that presents income and expenses from financing liabilities.
 - (b) Entities are required to present two new specified subtotals: 'Operating profit or loss' and 'Profit or loss before financing and income taxes'.
 - Management-defined performance measures are disclosed in a single note and reconciled to the most similar specified subtotal in MFRS Accounting Standards.
 - Changes to the guidance on aggregation and disaggregation which focus on grouping items based on their shared characteristics.

The Fund is currently still assessing the effect of the above standards and amendments. No other new standards or amendments to standards are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

B PRESENTATION AND FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's presentation and functional currency.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

C INCOME RECOGNITION

Profit income from unquoted sukuk and Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are recognised on an accrual basis using the effective profit method.

Profit income is calculated by applying the effective profit rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets, the effective profit rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Realised gain and loss on sale of unquoted sukuk is measured by the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the Shariah-compliant investments (adjusted for accretion of discount or amortisation of premium).

D TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable income earned during the financial year.

E FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss, and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its Shariah-compliant investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The contractual cash flows of the Fund's sukuk are solely principal and profit. However, these Shariah-compliant securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

Investments in collective investment scheme have contractual cash flows that do not represent SPPI, and therefore are classified as fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies amount due from Manager and cash and cash equivalents as financial assets at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of the amount outstanding.

The Fund classifies amount due to Manager, accrued management fees, amount due to Trustee, amount due to Shariah Adviser, auditor remuneration, and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

E FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value.

Financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the Shariah-compliant financial instrument.

Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the Shariahcompliant investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

Unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income in the financial year in which they arise.

Unquoted sukuk denominated in Ringgit Malaysia are revalued on a daily basis based on fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency ("BPA") registered with the Securities Commission of Malaysia ("SC") as per the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds. Where such quotations are not available or where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by the BPA for a specific unquoted sukuk differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use the market price, provided that the Manager:

- (a) Records its basis for using a non-BPA price;
- (b) Obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price; and
- (c) Keeps an audit trail of all decisions and basis for adopting the market price.

Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are stated at cost plus accrued profit calculated on the effective profit method over the period from the date of placement to the date of maturity of the respective deposits, which is a reasonable estimate of fair value due to the short-term nature of the deposits.

Financial assets at amortised cost and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective profit method.

(iii) Impairment

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. The Manager considers both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. The Manager considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these Shariah-compliant instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12 month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

E FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(iii) Impairment (continued)

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by the Manager as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of debtor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to repay the amount.

The Fund may write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in impairment gains. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial year.

F CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balance and Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions that is readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

G CREATION AND CANCELLATION OF UNITS

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria of the definition of puttable instruments to be classified as financial liability under MFRS 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation'.

The Fund issues cancellable units, in two classes of units, known respectively as the Class I and Class R, which are cancelled at the unitholders' option and do not have identical features subject to restrictions as stipulated in the Prospectus and Securities Commission's ("SC")'s Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds. The units are classified as financial liabilities.

Cancellable units can be put back to the Fund at any time for cash equal to a proportionate share of the Fund's net asset value ("NAV") of respective classes. The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at the date of the statement of financial position if the unitholders exercise the right to put back the unit to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at the unitholder's option at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit of respective classes at the close of business on the relevant dealing day. The Fund's NAV per unit of respective classes is calculated by dividing the net asset attributable to unitholders of respective classes with the total number of outstanding units of respective classes.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

H DISTRIBUTIONS

Distributions are at the discretion of the Fund. A distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a finance cost in the statement of comprehensive income, when they are appropriately authorised and no longer at the discretion of the Fund. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the year in which it is approved by the Trustee.

I INCREASE/(DECREASE) IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

Income not distributed is included in net assets attributable to unitholders.

J CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Funds' results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

However, the Manager is of the opinion that there are no accounting policies which require significant judgment to be exercised.

K REALISED AND UNREALISED PORTIONS OF INCREASE OR DECREASE IN NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS

The analysis of realised and unrealised amount in increase or decrease in net assets attributable to unitholders as presented on the statement of comprehensive income is prepared in accordance with SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

Nomura i-Income Fund (the "Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Master Deed dated 11 June 2012. The Fund has changed its name from Nomura i-Money Market Fund to Nomura i-Income Fund as amended by the First Supplemental Deed dated 23 August 2013 between Nomura Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd and Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the "Trustee").

The Fund was launched on 7 November 2012 and will continue its operations until being terminated by the Manager or the Trustee as provided under Clause 25 of the Deed.

The Fourth Supplemental Deed dated 14 June 2022 in respect of the Fund (the "Deed") was entered into between Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd (the "Manager"), Nomura Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd, and the Trustee to govern the Fund and replace in its entirety the Initial Deeds and the provision of the Initial Deeds.

The Fund was converted into a Unit Trust Fund and the Manager has been changed to Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd from Nomura Islamic Asset Management Sdn Bhd on 1 October 2022 and will continue its operations until terminated by the Manager or the Trustee as provided under the Deed.

The Fund seeks to provide investors with regular income distributions through investments in Islamic deposits, Islamic money market instruments and sukuk.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia. The principal activities of the Manager are establishment and management of unit trust funds and asset management including providing fund management services to private clients.

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial instruments are as follows:

	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	<u>Total</u> RM
2024			
<u>Financial assets</u>			
Cash and cash equivalents Unquoted sukuk Amount due from Manager	- 18,701,612 -	2,685,260	2,685,260 18,701,612 110,000
Total	18,701,612	2,795,260	21,496,872

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments are as follows: (continued)

	Financial assets at fair value through <u>profit or loss</u> RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	<u>Total</u> RM
2024 (continued)			
Financial liabilities			
Amount due to Manager Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee Amount due to Shariah Adviser Auditor's remuneration		70,991 7,715 1,016 2,017 13,324	70,991 7,715 1,016 2,017 13,324
Other payables and accruals	- -	4,836	4,836
Total		99,899	99,899
2023			
Financial assets			
Cash and cash equivalents Unquoted sukuk	115,989,474	32,421,343	32,421,343 115,989,474
Total	115,989,474	32,421,343	148,410,817
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			-1
Amount due to Manager	-	272,095	272,095
Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee	-	34,914 3,861	34,914 3,861
Amount due to Shariah Adviser	-	2,120	2,120
Auditor's remuneration	-	12,688	12,688
Other payables and accruals		4,876	4,876
Total		330,554	330,554

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk (inclusive of price risk and interest rate risk), liquidity risk, credit/default risk, capital risk and fund management risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Deed and SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk

(a) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of an investment of the Fund will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk).

The Fund's overall exposure to price risk are as follows:

	<u>2024</u> RM	2023 RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*	18,701,612	115,989,474

^{*} Includes profit receivable of RM408,452 (2023: RM1,319,157).

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's NAV and loss after tax to movements in prices of Shariah-compliant investments. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the price of the investments fluctuates by 5% with all other variables held constant.

% Change in price 2024	<u>Market value</u> RM	Impact on loss after tax/NAV RM
+5%	19,207,818	914,658
-5%	17,378,502	(914,658)
2023		
+5%	120,403,833	5,733,516
-5%	108,936,801	(5,733,516)

(b) Interest rate risk

In general, when interest rates rise, valuation for unquoted sukuk will tend to fall and vice versa. Therefore, the NAV of the Fund may also tend to fall when interest rates rise or are expected to rise when interest rates fall. However, investors should be aware that should the Fund hold an unquoted sukuk till maturity, such fluctuations would dissipate as it approaches maturity, and thus the growth of the NAV shall not be affected at maturity. In order to mitigate interest rates exposure of the Fund, the Manager will manage the duration of the portfolio via shorter or longer tenured assets depending on the view of the future interest rate trend of the Manager, which is based on its continuous fundamental research and analysis.

This risk is crucial since sukuk portfolio management depends on forecasting interest rate movements. Sukuk with longer maturity and lower profit rates are more susceptible to interest rate movements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(b) Interest rate risk (continued)

Investors should note that sukuk is subject to interest rate fluctuations. Such investments may be subject to unanticipated rise in interest rates which may impair the ability of the issuers to make payments of interest and principal, especially if the issuers are highly leveraged. An increase in interest rates may therefore increase the potential for default by an issuer.

The above interest rate is a general economic indicator that will have an impact on the management of the Fund regardless whether it is an Islamic fund or otherwise. It does not in any way suggest that the Fund will invest in conventional financial instruments. All the investments carried out for the Fund are in accordance with Shariah requirements.

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's NAV and loss after tax to movements in prices of unquoted sukuk held by the Fund as a result of movement in interest rates. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the interest rates increased and decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant.

	Impact on loss after tax/NAV	
	<u>2024</u> <u>2</u>	
	RM	RM
% Change in interest rate		
+ 1%	(54,548)	(213,666)
- 1%	52,760	214,501

The Fund's Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions are short term in nature. Therefore, exposure to interest rate fluctuations is minimal.

Liquidity risk

The Fund maintains sufficient level of Islamic liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellation of units by unitholders. Islamic liquid assets comprise cash, Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions, and unquoted sukuk which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days. The Fund aims to reduce its liquidity risk by maintaining a prudent level of Islamic liquid assets.

The table below summarises the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining year as at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Liquidity risk (continued)

<u>2024</u>	Less than 1 month RM	Between 1 month to 1 year RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Amount due to Manager Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee Amount due to Shariah Adviser Auditor's remuneration Other payables and accruals Net assets attributable to unitholders*	70,991 7,715 1,016 - - 21,396,973	2,017 13,324 4,836	70,991 7,715 1,016 2,017 13,324 4,836 21,396,973
Contractual cash out flows	21,476,695	20,177	21,496,872
2023			
Amount due to Manager	272,095	: <u>-</u>	272,095
Accrued management fee	34,914		34,914
Amount due to Trustee	3,861	=	3,861
Amount due to Shariah Adviser	-	2,120	2,120
Auditor's remuneration	£1	12,688	12,688
Other payables and accruals	2	4,876	4,876
Net assets attributable to unitholders*	148,080,263		148,080,263
Contractual cash out flows	148,391,133	19,684	148,410,817

^{*} Units are cancelled on demand at the Unitholder's option. However, the Manager does not envisage that the contractual maturity disclosed in the table above will be representative of the actual cash outflows, as holders of these instruments typically retain them for the medium to long term.

Credit/default risk

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or a counterparty to make timely payments of profit or principals payment on the maturity date. This may lead to a default in the payment of principal and profit and ultimately a reduction in the value of the Fund. In the case of the Fund, the Manager will endeavor to minimise the risk by selecting only issues with prescribed and acceptable credit ratings.

Credit risk arising from placements of Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions is managed by ensuring that the Fund will only place Islamic deposits in reputable licensed financial institutions.

The settlement terms of the proceeds from the creation of units receivable from the Manager are governed by the SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

For unquoted sukuk, the Manager regularly reviews the rating assigned by the issuer so that necessary steps can be taken if the rating falls below those described by the Deed and SC's Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit/default risk (continued)

The following table sets out the credit risk concentration of the Fund:

	Financial assets	0 1		
	at fair value	Cash and cash	Amount due from	
	through profit or loss	equivalents	Manager	<u>Total</u>
	RM	RM	RM	RM
2024	T.W.	TAW	Tavi	1 (1)
Energy and Utilities				
- AA3	606,214	=	¥	606,214
- B1	2,652,499	-	-	2,652,499
Financial				
- AAA	5,059,287	2,685,260	-	7,744,547
Public Administration	40 400 000			10.100.000
- Not rated	10,128,830	-	-	10,128,830
Real Estate - B3	254 702			254 702
Others	254,782	-	-	254,782
- Not Rated	-	-	110,000	110,000
	-			
	18,701,612	2,685,260	110,000	21,496,872
2023				
Energy and Utilities				
- AA3	600,441	_	_	600,441
- B1	2,579,199	_		2,579,199
Financial	2,070,100			2,070,100
- AAA (S)	5,945,941	-	-	5,945,941
- AAA ÌS	5,042,865		-	5,042,865
- AAA	15,197,534	32,409,791	-	47,607,325
- AA1	15,197,534	11,552	-	15,209,086
Public Administration				
- Not rated	86,368,712	*	-	86,368,712
Real Estate				
- B3	254,782			254,782
	115,989,474	32,421,343		148,410,817

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by net assets attributable to unitholders of RM21,396,973 (2023: RM148,080,263). The amount of net assets attributable to unitholders can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the Shariah-compliant investment activities of the Fund.

Fund management risk

There is the risk that the management company may not adhere to the investment mandate of the respective Fund. With close monitoring by the investment committee, back office system being incorporated with limits and controls, and regular reporting to the senior management team, the management company is able to manage such risk. The Trustee has an oversight function over management of the Fund by the management company to safeguard the interests of unitholders.

Fair value estimation

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in an active market (such as publicly traded Islamic derivatives and Shariah-compliant securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Fund uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each year end date. Valuation techniques used for non-standardised Shariah-compliant financial instruments such as Islamic options, Islamic currency swaps and other over-the-counter Islamic derivatives, include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other Shariah-compliant instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

For instruments for which there is no active market, the Fund may use internally developed models, which are usually based on valuation methods and techniques generally recognised as standard within the industry. Valuation models are used primarily to value unlisted sukuk, for which market were or have been inactive during the financial year. Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value estimation (continued)

The fair values are based on the following methodology and assumptions:

- The carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value for cash and cash equivalent.
- (ii) Ringgit-denominated unquoted sukuk are valued using fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency ("BPA"). Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA for a specific unquoted sukuk differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use market price, provided that the Manager records its basis for using a non-BPA price, and obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price.

Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including model risk, liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

Fair value hierarchy

The Fund adopted MFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" in respect of disclosures about the degree of reliability affair value measurement. This requires the Fund to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the
 asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from
 prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement.

Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

	Level 1 RM	<u>Level 2</u> RM	<u>Level 3</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
<u>2024</u>				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - Unquoted sukuk		18,701,612		18,701,612
2023				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - Unquoted sukuk		115,989,474		115,989,474

Investments whose values are based on quoted market prices in active markets, and are therefore classified within Level 1, including collective investment schemes. The Fund does not adjust the quoted prices for these instruments.

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. Level 2 instruments include unquoted sukuk.

As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information. The Fund's policies on valuation of these financial assets and liabilities are stated in Note E.

The carrying value of amount due from Manager, cash and cash equivalent and all current liabilities are reasonable approximation of the fair value due to their short-term nature.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

3 MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 4.00% per annum of the NAV each Class of the Fund, calculated and accrued on a daily basis.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the management fee is recognised at a rate of 0.23% (2023: 0.23%) per annum of the NAV of Class I, and at a rate of 0.40% (2023: 0.40%) per annum of the NAV of Class R respectively, calculated on a daily basis for the financial year.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of the management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

4 TRUSTEE FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Trustee is entitled to an annual fee at a rate not exceeding 0.10% per annum of the NAV of each Class of the Fund, subject to a minimum fee of RM12,000 per annum.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the Trustee fee provided in the financial statements is 0.03% (2023: 0.03%) per annum based on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis for the financial year, subject to a minimum fee of RM12,000 per annum.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of the trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

5 TAXATION

	<u>2024</u> RM	<u>2023</u> RM
Current taxation - local		78

The numerical reconciliation between net loss before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	<u>2024</u> RM	<u>2023</u> RM
Net loss before taxation	(6,198,005)	(5,024,085)
Tax at applicable rate of 24% (2023: 24%) Tax effect of:	(1,487,521)	(1,205,780)
Investment income not subject to tax	(979,472)	(3,423,309)
Investment loss not deductible for tax purposes	1,617	985,811
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Restriction on tax deductible expenses for	2,404,450	3,431,744
unit trust funds	60,926	211,534
Taxation		-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Financial assets at FVTPL: - Unquoted sukuk	<u>2024</u> RM	2023 RM
	18,701,612	115,989,474
Not gain/(loss) on financial assets at EV/TPL comprised:	2024 RM	2023 RM
Net gain/(loss) on financial assets at FVTPL comprised: - Net realised loss on sale of financial assets at FVTPL	(6,737)	(5,839)
 Net unrealised gain/(loss) on changes in fair values Management fee rebate on collective investment 	256,804	(4,101,708)
scheme #		10,150
	250,067	(4,097,397)

[#] In arriving at the fair value of collective investment scheme, the management fee initially paid to the Manager of collective investment scheme has been considered as part of its NAV. In order to prevent the double charging of management fee, management fee charged on the Fund's Investment in a collective investment scheme has been refunded to the Fund. Accordingly, any rebate of management fee received from the Manager of collective investment scheme is reflected as an increase in the NAV of the collective investment scheme.

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 December 2024 are as follows:

Unquoted Sukuk

Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	Rating	Cost RM	<u>Fair value</u> RM	of net assets value %
10,000,000	Country Garden Real Estate Sdn Bhd*	В3	10,137,747	254,782	1.19
250,000	EDRA Energy Sdn Berhad	AA3	277,062	289,476	1.35
250,000	EDRA Energy Sdn Berhad	AA3	289,122	316,738	1.48
10,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	10,108,707	10,128,830	47.34

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 December 2024 are as follows: (continued)

Unquoted Sukuk (continued)

Name of Counter	Rating	Cost RM	<u>Fair value</u> RM	Percentage of net assets value %
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad	AAA	5,032,337	5,059,287	23.64
SPR Energy (M) Sdn Berhad#	B1	5,306,752	2,652,499	12.40
OTED SUKUK		31,151,727	18,701,612	87.40
		(12,450,115)		
		18,701,612		
	Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad SPR Energy (M) Sdn Berhad# OTED SUKUK UNREALISED LOSS (CHANGES IN FAIR \ TOTAL FINANCIAL AS AT FAIR VALUE THE	Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad AAA SPR Energy (M) Sdn Berhad# B1 OTED SUKUK UNREALISED LOSS ON CHANGES IN FAIR VALUE TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH	Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad AAA 5,032,337 SPR Energy (M) Sdn Berhad# B1 5,306,752 OTED SUKUK 31,151,727 UNREALISED LOSS ON CHANGES IN FAIR VALUE (12,450,115) TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH	RM RM RM Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad AAA 5,032,337 5,059,287 SPR Energy (M) Sdn Berhad# B1 5,306,752 2,652,499 OTED SUKUK 31,151,727 18,701,612 UNREALISED LOSS ON CHANGES IN FAIR VALUE (12,450,115) TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH

*Country Garden Real Estate Sdn Bhd's credit rating suffered a multi-notch downgrade from AA3 to B3 in 2023. This was reaffirmed in March 2024 by RAM Ratings at B3/Negative. During the financial year, the sukukholders to Country Garden Real Estate Sdn Bhd's secured Islamic Medium Term Notes programme ("Programme") agreed to waive certain events of default associated with (amongst others) failure by its guarantors to observe its obligations under the corporate guarantee, subject to (amongst other conditions) maintenance of a security cover of two point five times (2.5x) the outstanding amount of sukuk under the Programme. Country Garden Real Estate Sdn Bhd has until 21 February 2025 (or some further period that may be agreed by the security trustee) to execute the necessary land charges and thereafter until 21 June 2025 (or some further period that may be agreed by the security trustee) to perfect and effect these charges to maintain the 2.5x security cover.

Recently, in January 2025, the Country Garden Real Estate Sdn Bhd conveyed that restructuring plans announced by its ultimate parent company, Country Garden Holdings, will not affect the creditors in Malaysia. Country Garden Real Estate Sdn Bhd also reiterated its commitment to pay into the finance service account the amounts necessary to meet its financial obligations, as required by the transaction documents.

#RAM reaffirmed the credit rating of SPR Energy (M) Sdn Bhd (SPRE) at B1/Negative. The rating announcement was made on 3 July 2024. The rating reaffirmation reflects SPRE's limited ability to withstand further adverse operational challenges as SPRE's liquidity profile was significantly impacted by the flashover incident which led its power plant to operate at half the capacity from 31 March to 24 August 2023. Notwithstanding that, the power plant's performance has shown trend of improvement and stability in fiscal 2024 as the unplanned outage rate (UOR) is hovering around 4% level. To manage its tight liquidity, the management is closely managing its working capital cycle adopt more prudent cost management.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 December 2023 are as follows:

Unquoted Sukuk

Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	Rating	<u>Cost</u> RM	<u>Fair value</u> RM	Percentage of net assets value %
5,000,000	Bank Pembangunan Malaysia Berhad	AAA IS	5,013,315	5,042,865	3.41
10,000,000	Country Garden Real Estate Sdn Bhd*	В3	10,143,951	254,782	0.17
1,000,000	Danga Capital Berhad	AAA (S)	1,044,167	1,097,358	0.74
5,000,000	Danum Capital Berhad	AAA (S)	5,021,633	4,848,583	3.27
250,000	EDRA Energy Sdn Berhad	AA3	279,331	290,318	0.20
250,000	EDRA Energy Sdn Berhad	AA3	290,727	310,123	0.21
35,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	35,864,288	35,893,963	24.24
30,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	30,104,764	29,681,533	20.04
10,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	10,177,151	10,412,522	7.03
5,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	5,144,867	5,186,762	3.50
5,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	5,191,006	5,193,932	3.51

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 December 2023 are as follows: (continued)

Unquoted Sukuk (continued)

Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	Rating	<u>Cost</u> RM	<u>Fair value</u> RM	Percentage of net <u>assets value</u> %
15,000,000	Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad	AAA	15,098,683	15,197,534	10.26
5,000,000	SPR Energy (M) Sdn Berhad#	B1	5,322,510	2,579,199	1.74
TOTAL UNQU	OTED SUKUK		128,696,393	115,989,474	78.32
	UNREALISED LOSS O CHANGES IN FAIR V		(12,706,919)		
	TOTAL FINANCIAL AS AT FAIR VALUE THR PROFIT OR LOSS		115,989,474		
	Sdn Berhad# OTED SUKUK UNREALISED LOSS OF CHANGES IN FAIR V TOTAL FINANCIAL AS AT FAIR VALUE THR	ON 'ALUE SSETS	128,696,393		

*In 2023, the Country Garden Real Estate Sdn Bhd (CGRE) rating suffered a multi-notch downgrade from AA3 to B3. The rating revision was premised on the potential trigger of a cross-default mechanism between CGRE and its ultimate parent, Country Garden Holding Company Limited (COGARD). Even though CGRE has been seen improvement its ability to service its sukuk obligation on its own, CGRE's rating still hinges greatly on COGARD's creditworthiness based on the extended unconditional and irrevocable corporate guarantee structure. Since 2H2023, COGARD has unexpectedly missed a series of coupon payments on its dollar bond obligations due to a tight liquidity position reflecting the rapid deterioration of China's housing market since the Evergrade saga. The rating revision also considers its non-payment of HKD470 million of indebtedness and the need to extend the maturity of its offshore bonds.

#RAM lowered the credit rating of SPR Energy (M) Sdn Bhd (SPRE) further in 2023 from BBB2 to B1. The rating revision was premised on the significant deterioration of its cashflow buffers owing to the unexpected flashover incident of the power plant, causing it to operate at half load for nearly five months, from 31 March 2023 to 25 August 2023. According to RAM, the B1 rating reflects SPRE's limited ability to withstand further adverse operational challenges, as the flashover incident resulted in substantial revenue losses. Looking forward, SPRE is expected to request sukukholder's indulgence for additional time to meet the sukuk requirement to maintain a minimum balance in the finance service reserve account (FSRA) balance due in the next six months.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

7 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2024 RM	<u>2023</u> RM
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions Bank balances in a licensed bank	2,675,216 10,044	32,409,791 11,552
	2,685,260	32,421,343
Weighted average effective profit rates per annum is as follows	:	
	<u>2024</u> %	<u>2023</u> %
Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions	2.95	2.93

Islamic deposits with licensed financial institutions have an average maturity of 2 days (2023: 2 days).

8 SHARIAH INFORMATION OF THE FUND

The Shariah Adviser confirmed that the investment portfolio of the Fund is Shariah-compliant, which comprises:

- (a) investments in sukuk which have been classified as Shariah-compliant by the Shariah Advisory Council of the Securities Commission Malaysia or the Shariah Advisory Council of Bank Negara Malaysia ("BNM SAC"); and
- (b) cash placements and liquid assets which are placed in investments and/or instruments in the local market that have been classified as Shariah-compliant by the BNM SAC.

9 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION

	No. of units	2023 No. of units
Class I At beginning of the financial year Creation of units during the financial year:	110,056,500	340,802,865
Arising from creations Arising from distributions	981 266	200,365
Cancellation of units	(110,056,501)	(230,946,730)
At end of the financial year	1,246	110,056,500

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

9 NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION (CONTINUED)

	Class R	<u>2024</u> No. of units	2023 No. of units
	At beginning of the financial year Creation of units during the financial year:	33,152,393	43,871,303
	Arising from creations	16,942,339	55,030,252
	Arising from distributions	7,083,839	2,210,425
	Cancellation of units	(31,244,851)	(67,959,587)
	At end of the financial year	25,933,720	33,152,393
10	DISTRIBUTIONS		
		2024 RM	<u>2023</u> RM
	Distributions to unitholders are from the following sources:		
	Prior financial year's realised income	6,705,462	/ =
	Profit income from unquoted sukuk at FVTPL Profit income from Islamic deposits with licensed	3,232,764	13,126,704
	financial institutions at amortised cost Net realised gain on sale of Shariah-compliant	296,430	1,547,210
	investments	-	506,411
		10,234,656	15,180,325
	Less: Expenses	(259,782)	(996,938)
		9,974,874	14,183,387
		-	

During the financial year, distributions per unit were made as follows:

	Gross/net distribut	
	2024	2023
	RM/unit	RM/unit
Class I and Class R		
18 March 2024	0.0145	-
19 June 2024	0.0224	-
18 September 2024	0.2205	-
16 March 2023	-	0.0078
16 June 2023	H (0.0132
18 September 2023	₩.	0.0120
18 December 2023	¥	0.0213

Gross distribution is derived using total income less total expenses.

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution for unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

10 DISTRIBUTIONS (CONTINUED)

The above distributions have been proposed before taking into account the unrealised gain of RM256,804 (2023: unrealised loss of RM4,101,708) which is carried forward to the next financial year.

11 TRANSACTIONS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Details of transactions with the top 10 financial institutions are as follows:

		Percentage
	Value of trade	of total trade
	RM	%
<u>2024</u>		
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	1,541,628,000	76.59
Public Islamic Bank Berhad	104,967,000	5.21
Maybank Islamic Berhad	94,438,000	4.69
Hong Leong Islamic Bank Berhad	85,392,000	4.24
Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Berhad	80,415,500	4.00
RHB Islamic Bank Berhad	54,066,000	2.69
Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad	42,006,200	2.09
Ambank (M) Berhad	5,082,000	0.25
CIMB Bank Berhad	4,847,500	0.24
	2,012,842,200	100.00
	=======================================	
2023		
CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	9,193,621,200	87.03
Maybank Islamic Berhad	677,931,000	6.42
RHB Investment Bank Berhad	307,837,080	2.91
Alliance Islamic Bank Bhd	140,593,000	1.33
Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad	73,238,400	0.69
Citibank (M) Bhd	70,963,800	0.67
Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd*	40,172,103	0.38
Malayan Banking Berhad	38,159,200	0.36
CIMB Bank Berhad	10,818,000	0.10
Hong Leong Bank Berhad	5,391,500	0.05
Others	5,110,000	0.06
	10,563,835,283	100.00

^{*}The above transactions with the Manager relate to subscriptions of a unit trust fund managed by the Manager.

The above transactions were in respect of money market placements and fixed income transactions. Transactions in these investments do not involve any commission or brokerage.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

12 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

	<u>2024</u> %	<u>2023</u> %
TER	0.34	0.29

TER is derived from the following calculation:

TER =
$$\frac{(A+B+C+D+E+F)}{G} \times 100$$

A = Management fee B = Trustee's fee

C = Shariah Adviser's fee

D = Audit fee
E = Tax agent's fee
F = Other expenses

G = Average NAV of Fund calculated on daily basis

The average NAV of the Fund for the financial year calculated on daily basis is RM86,353,570 (2023: RM344,234,931).

13 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

		<u>2023</u>
PTR (times)	0.86	0.87

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

(Total acquisition for the financial year + total disposal for the financial year) ÷ 2

Average NAV of the Fund for the financial year calculated on daily basis

Where: total acquisition for the financial year = RM25,681,886 (2023: RM177,673,515) total disposal for the financial year = RM122,986,352 (2023: RM420,384,442)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024 (CONTINUED)

14 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related party of and its relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related party		Relation	<u>onship</u>	
Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Senior Management of the Manager	Sdn Bhd		anager or(s) of the Ma	nager
	*	2024		2023
Units held by the Manager:	No. of units	RM	No. of units	RM
Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd				
- Class I	1,246	1,035	-	-

In the opinion of the Manager, the above units were transacted at the prevailing market price.

In addition to the related party disclosure mentioned elsewhere in the financial statements, there were no other significant related party transactions and balances.

Other than the above, there were no units held by parties related to the Manager.

15 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been approved for issue by the Manager on 21 February 2025.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

We, Leslie Yap Kim Loong and Atsushi Ichii, being two of the Directors of Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 1 to 29 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deed and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024 and of its financial performance, changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and cash flows for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager,

NOMURA ASSET MANAGEMENT MALAYSIA SDN BHD

LESLIE YAP KIM LOONG Managing Director

ATSUSHI ICHII Director

Kuala Lumpur 21 February 2025



Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad Registration No: 200701005591 (763590-H)

Level 20, Menara IMC 8 Jalan Sultan Ismail 50250 Kuala Lumpur

Tel +603 2053 7522 Fax +603 2053 7526

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF NOMURA i-INCOME FUND ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 December 2024 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:-

- 1. Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unit Trust Funds;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Ng Hon Leong

Head, Fund Operations

Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur 21 February 2025



SHARIAH ADVISER'S REPORT

TO THE UNIT HOLDERS OF NOMURA i-INCOME FUND

We hereby confirm:

To the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the financial year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the Shariah principles and requirements and complied with the applicable guidelines, rulings or decisions issued by the Securities Commission Malaysia or Bank Negara Malaysia pertaining to Shariah matters; and

The assets of the Fund comprise instruments that have been classified as Shariah-compliant by the Shariah Advisory Council ("SAC") of the Securities Commission Malaysia or Bank Negara Malaysia.

For ZICO Shariah Advisory Services Sdn Bhd

DR. AIDA OTHMAN

Designated Person Responsible for Shariah Matters Relating to the Fund

Kuala Lumpur

2 1 FEB 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NOMURA I-INCOME FUND

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of Nomura i-Income Fund ("the Fund") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 December 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2024, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net assets attributable to unitholders and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 1 to 29.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Manager's Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT (LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146), Chartered Accountants, Level 10, Menara TH 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, P.O. Box 10192, 50706 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia T: +60 (3) 2173 1188, F: +60 (3) 2173 1288, www.pwc.com/my



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NOMURA I-INCOME FUND (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to terminate the Fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NOMURA I-INCOME FUND (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDERS OF NOMURA I-INCOME FUND (CONTINUED)

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the unitholders of the Fund, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

Ricewatchene Cooper Py

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur 21 February 2025