

Nomura Ringgit Bond Fund 2

Annual Report and Audited Financial Statements for the Financial Year Ended 31 March 2025

MANAGER:

NOMURA ASSET MANAGEMENT MALAYSIA SDN BHD Business Registration No.: 200601028939 (748695-A)

TRUSTEE:

DEUTSCHE TRUSTEES MALAYSIA BERHAD Business Registration No.: 200701005591 (763590-H)

AUDITOR:

PRICEWATERHOUSE COOPERS PLT

Business Registration No.: LLP0014401-LCA & AF1146



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ANNUAL REPORT AND AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS



MANAGER'S REPORT

Category, Objective and Distribution Policy

Nomura Ringgit Bond Fund 2 (the "Fund") is a wholesale fixed income fund which seeks to generate regular income by investing in fixed income securities whilst carefully considering capital preservation on behalf of its investors.

Subject to availability of income, distribution will be on monthly basis.

Fund Type

Income

Benchmark

12-month Malayan Banking Berhad Fixed Deposit Account Rate.

Performance as at 31 March 2025

For the period under review from 1 April 2024 to 31 March 2025, the Fund has registered a 4.25% return. Compared to the Benchmark return of 2.59%, the Fund outperformed its Benchmark by 1.66%. The last published Net Asset Value ("NAV") per unit of the Fund as at 31 March 2024 was RM 0.9934 as compared to the NAV per unit as at 31 March 2025 of RM 1.0011. On the total NAV basis, the Fund's NAV stood at RM 272.30 million as at 31 March 2025.

Performance as at 31 March 2025 (%)

	1 Month (01/03/2025 - 31/03/2025)	` -	` -	` -	` -	(29/07/2020 -
Fund	0.42	1.24	1.93	4.25	14.33	13.73
Benchmark	0.21	0.62	1.25	2.59	8.31	11.69
Outperformance/ (Underperformance)	0.21	0.62	0.68	1.66	6.02	2.04

Source of Fund and Benchmark Returns: Refinitiv Lipper

Volatility as at 31 March 2025

Volatility as at 51 March 2025				
	3-Year			
Fund	0.52			

Source: Refinitiv Lipper

This information is prepared by Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd ("NAMM") for information purposes only. Past earnings of the Fund's distribution record is not a guarantee or reflection of the Fund's future earnings/future distributions. Investors are advised that unit prices, distributions payable and investment returns may go down as well as up.

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Strategies Employed (1 April 2024 to 31 March 2025)

Throughout 2024, we disposed a portion of our government bonds while replacing them with better yielding corporate bonds in order to boost the running yield of the portfolio. From an asset allocation perspective, we intend to continue rebalancing the portfolio away from government bonds towards corporate bonds in order to capitalize on the more favorable risk-return dynamics, taking advantage of the strong rally of the government bonds. In light of uncertainty arising from the global fixed income market and global trade, we would remain slightly vigilant in maintaining a lower duration and a slight exposure to govvies to better safeguard the portfolio in the medium to long term.

Summary of Asset Allocation

	31 March 2025	31 March 2024
Malaysian Government Securities / Government Investment Issues / Government Guaranteed Securities	3.61%	3.61%
Corporate Bonds / Sukuk	95.70%	93.42%
Cash and other net current assets / liabilities	0.69%	2.97%
Total	100.00%	100.00%

Review of Market (1 April 2024 to 31 March 2025)

Volatility remained a mainstay both globally and domestically during the review period. High rates volatility throughout the review period largely stemmed from external factors, amongst others, the highly-anticipated US Presidential Election, market expectations on the timing and quantum of US Federal Reserve ("US Fed")'s rate cut, geopolitical tensions, and uncertainties surrounding global trade policies. Global yields surged in 2024 as US data releases suggested that the US Fed could hold back from performing further jumbo rate cuts. Notably, the US Fed cut rates to 4.50% from the multi-decade high of 5.50% in 2024. Going into 2025, the global bond market started the year on a positive note amid elevated concerns stemming from uncertainties over global trade policies and geopolitical developments.

Meanwhile, on the domestic front, BNM remained focused on the resilience of the domestic economy with manageable inflation, and did not follow suit in embarking the rate normalization path seen globally, maintaining the Overnight Policy Rate ("**OPR**") steady at 3.00% throughout the year. Nevertheless, though at a smaller quantum, the domestic bond market was not spared from the volatility seen in the global rates. Overall, domestic bond market surged in mid-2024, before rallying towards the end of 2024 and in 1Q25.

TRANSACTIONS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS AND BROKERS/DEALERS

Cross Trades (1 April 2024 to 31 March 2025)

During the financial year under review, two (2) cross trades were conducted between the Fund and accounts managed by the Manager and the Manager's related company.

	Total Value of trades (RM)
Private Mandate	10,207,000
Total	10,207,000

All transactions were in the best interest of the Fund and executed through Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad on an arm's length and fair value basis.



SOFT COMMISSIONS RECEIVED FROM BROKERS

Soft commissions received from brokers/dealers are retained by the Manager only if the goods and services provided are of demonstrable benefit to unit holders of the Fund.

During the financial year under review, the Manager did not receive any soft commission.

INCOME DISTRIBUTION

The Fund distributed a gross total of RM 0.0342 per unit to investors of the Fund over the financial year under review.

The Net Asset Value per Unit prior and subsequent to the distributions were as follows:

Cum-Distribution Date	Cum- Distribution (RM)	Ex-Distribution Date	Ex-Distribution (RM)	Distribution per Unit (RM)
18-Jun-24	1.0019	19-Jun-24	0.9967	0.0055
17-Sep-24	1.0087	18-Sep-24	1.0020	0.0067
20-Dec-24	1.0087	23-Dec-24	0.9981	0.0110
17-Mar-25	1.0102	19-Mar-25	0.9996	0.0110

Income Distribution Breakdown

Ex-Distribution Date	Income per Unit (RM)	Income (%)	Capital per Unit (RM)	Capital (%)
19-Jun-24	0.0055	100.00	0.0000	0.00
18-Sep-24	0.0067	100.00	0.0000	0.00
23-Dec-24	0.0110	100.00	0.0000	0.00
19-Mar-25	0.0110	100.00	0.0000	0.00

FUND PERFORMANCE DATA

	As at <u>31 March 2025</u>	As at <u>31 March 2024</u>
Total NAV (RM)	272,302,032	270,208,791
NAV per Unit (RM)	1.0011	0.9934
Unit in Circulation	272,007,887	272,007,887
Highest NAV (RM)	1.0102	0.9967
Lowest NAV (RM)	0.9933	0.9731

Past performance is not necessarily indicative of future performance and that unit prices and investment returns may go down, as well as up.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

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STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Note	<u>2025</u> RM	2024 RM
INVESTMENT INCOME			
Interest income from unquoted fixed income securities at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL")		10,012,235	8,799,937
Interest income from deposits with licensed			
financial institution at amortised cost Net gain on financial assets at fair value		242,896	559,855
through profit or loss ("FVTPL")	6	1,785,148	5,034,223
		12,040,279	14,394,015
EXPENSES			
Management fee Trustee's fee Audit fee Tax agent's fee Other expenses	3 4	(545,273) (81,791) (9,450) (4,876) (2,978)	(535,325) (80,299) (9,450) (6,600) (3,295)
		(644,368)	(634,969)
PROFIT BEFORE TAXATION		11,395,911	13,759,046
TAXATION	5		-
PROFIT AFTER TAXATION AND TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR		11,395,911	13,759,046
Profit after taxation is made up of the following: Realised amount Unrealised amount		10,350,777 1,045,134 11,395,911	4,540,659 9,218,387 ————————————————————————————————————

The accompanying material accounting policy information and notes to the financial statements form an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 MARCH 2025

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2025</u> RM	<u>2024</u> RM
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents Financial assets at fair value through profit	7	1,961,195	8,094,167
or loss ("FVTPL")	6	270,414,013	262,182,192
TOTAL ASSETS		272,375,208	270,276,359
LIABILITIES			
Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee	3	46,441 6,966	45,804 6,871
Other payables and accruals	7	19,769	14,893
TOTAL LIABILITIES		73,176	67,568
NET ASSET VALUE OF THE FUND		272,302,032	270,208,791
UNITHOLDERS' FUNDS			
Unitholders' capital Accumulated losses		272,450,000 (147,968)	272,450,000 (2,241,209)
NET ASSET ATTRIBUTABLE TO UNITHOLDERS	5	272,302,032	270,208,791
UNITS IN CIRCULATION (UNITS)	8	272,007,887	272,007,887
NET ASSET VALUE PER UNIT (RM)		1.0011	0.9934

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSET VALUE FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	Note	Unitholders' <u>capital</u> RM	Accumulated <u>losses</u> RM	Total RM
Balance as at 1 April 2024		272,450,000	(2,241,209)	270,208,791
Total comprehensive income for the financial year Distributions Balance as at 31 March 2025	9	272,450,000	11,395,911 (9,302,670) ————————————————————————————————————	11,395,911 (9,302,670) 272,302,032
Balance as at 1 April 2023		272,450,000	(7,840,018)	264,609,982
Total comprehensive income for the financial year Distributions	9	-	13,759,046 (8,160,237)	13,759,046 (8,160,237)
Balance as at 31 March 2024		272,450,000	(2,241,209)	270,208,791

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

	<u>Note</u>	<u>2025</u> RM	2024 RM
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sale of investments Proceeds from redemption of investments Purchase of investments Interest income from unquoted fixed income secur Interest income from deposits with licensed financial institution Management fee paid Trustee's fee paid Tax agent's fee paid Payment for other fees and expenses	ities	40,645,250 5,000,000 (53,360,250) 11,280,561 242,896 (544,636) (81,696)	93,578,750 5,000,000 (93,624,360) 10,447,001 559,855 (534,474) (80,171) (6,600) (12,268)
Net cash generated from operating activities		3,169,698	15,327,733
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITY			
Distributions paid		(9,302,670)	(8,160,237)
Net cash used in financing activity		(9,302,670)	(8,160,237)
NET (DECREASE)/INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		(6,132,972)	7,167,496
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE BEGINNING OF FINANCIAL YEAR		8,094,167	926,671
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF THE FINANCIAL YEAR	7	1,961,195	8,094,167

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

The following accounting policies have been used in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the financial statements.

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards ("MFRS") and International Financial Reporting Standards. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative financial instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with the MFRS and International Financial Reporting Standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reported financial year. It also requires the Manager to exercise their judgement in the process of applying the Fund's accounting policies. Although these estimates and judgement are based on the Manager's best knowledge of current events and actions, actual results may differ.

The areas involving a higher degree of judgement or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the financial statements are disclosed in Note I to the financial statements.

(i) Standards, amendments to published standards and interpretations that are applicable and effective:

There are no standards, amendments to standards or interpretations that are applicable and effective for annual periods beginning on 1 April 2024 that have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

- (ii) Standards and amendments that have been issued that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective:
 - Amendments to MFRS 9 and MFRS 7 'Amendments to the Classification and Measurement of Financial Instruments' (effective 1 January 2026):
 - The amendments clarify that financial assets are derecognised when the rights to the cash flows expire or when the asset is transferred, and financial liabilities are derecognised at the settlement date (i.e. when the liability is extinguished or qualifies for derecognition).
 - There is an optional exception to derecognise a financial liability at a date earlier than the settlement date if the cash transfer takes place through an electronic payment system, provided that all the specified criteria are met;
 - The amendments also clarify and add further guidance for assessing whether a financial asset meets the solely payments of principal and interest ("SPPI") criterion;
 - There are additional new disclosures for certain instruments with contractual terms that can change cash flows (such as some financial instruments with features linked to the achievement of environment, social and governance targets); and
 - The amendments update the disclosures for equity instruments designated at fair value through other comprehensive income ("FVOCI").

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

A BASIS OF PREPARATION OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

- (ii) Standards and amendments that have been issued that are applicable to the Fund but not yet effective: (continued)
 - MFRS 18 'Presentation and Disclosure in Financial Statements' (effective 1 January 2027) replaces MFRS 101 'Presentation of Financial Statements'.
 - The new MFRS introduces a new structure of profit or loss statement.
 - (a) Income and expenses are classified into 3 new main categories:
 - Operating category which typically includes results from the main business activities;
 - ii. Investing category that presents the results of investments in associates and joint ventures and other assets that generate a return largely independently of other resources; and
 - iii. Financing category that presents income and expenses from financing liabilities.
 - (b) Entities are required to present two new specified subtotals: 'Operating profit or loss' and 'Profit or loss before financing and income taxes'.
 - Management-defined performance measures are disclosed in a single note and reconciled to the most similar specified subtotal in MFRS Accounting Standards.
 - Changes to the guidance on aggregation and disaggregation which focus on grouping items based on their shared characteristics.

The Fund is currently still assessing the effect of the above standards and amendments. No other new standards or amendments to standards are expected to have a material effect on the financial statements of the Fund.

B PRESENTATION AND FUNCTIONAL CURRENCY

Items included in the financial statements of the Fund are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the Fund operates (the "functional currency"). The financial statements are presented in Ringgit Malaysia ("RM"), which is the Fund's presentation and functional currency.

C INCOME RECOGNITION

Interest income from deposits with licensed financial institution and unquoted fixed income securities are recognised on an accrual basis using the effective interest method.

Interest income is calculated by applying the effective interest rate to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset except for financial assets that subsequently become credit-impaired. For credit-impaired financial assets the effective interest rate is applied to the net carrying amount of the financial asset (after deduction of the loss allowance).

Realised gain and loss on sale of unquoted fixed income securities are measured by the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amounts of the investments (adjusted for accretion of discount or amortisation of premium).

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

D TAXATION

Current tax expense is determined according to the Malaysian tax laws at the current rate based upon the taxable income earned during the financial year.

E FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

(i) Classification

The Fund classifies its financial assets in the following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), and
- those to be measured at amortised cost.

The Fund classifies its investments based on both the Fund's business model for managing those financial assets and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. The portfolio of financial assets is managed and performance is evaluated on a fair value basis. The Fund is primarily focused on fair value information and uses that information to assess the assets' performance and to make decisions. The Fund has not taken the option to irrevocably designate any equity securities as fair value through other comprehensive income. The contractual cash flows of the Fund's debt securities are solely principal and interest, however, these securities are neither held for the purpose of collecting contractual cash flows nor held both for collecting contractual cash flows and for sale. The collection of contractual cash flows is only incidental to achieving the Fund's business model's objective. Consequently, all investments are measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The Fund classifies cash and cash equivalents as financial assets at amortised cost as these financial assets are held to collect contractual cash flows consisting of the amount outstanding.

The Fund classifies accrued management fee, amount due to Trustee, and other payables and accruals as financial liabilities measured at amortised cost.

(ii) Recognition and measurement

Regular purchases and sales of financial assets are recognised on the trade date, the date on which the Fund commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value. Subsequent to initial recognition, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are measured at fair value.

Financial liabilities are recognised in the statement of financial position when, and only when, the Fund becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument.

Financial assets are de-recognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Fund has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership.

Financial liabilities are derecognised when it is extinguished, i.e. when the obligation specified in the contract is discharged or cancelled or expired.

Unrealised gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category are presented in the statement of comprehensive income in the financial year in which they arise.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

E FINANCIAL ASSETS AND FINANCIAL LIABILITIES (CONTINUED)

(ii) Recognition and measurement (continued)

Unquoted fixed income securities denominated in Ringgit Malaysia are revalued on a daily basis based on fair value prices quoted by Bond Pricing Agency Malaysia Sdn Bhd ("BPAM") registered with the Securities Commission of Malaysia ("SC"). Where such quotations are not available or where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by the BPAM for a specific unquoted fixed income securities differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use the market price, provided that the Manager:

- (a) Records its basis for using a non-BPAM price;
- (b) Obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPAM price; and
- (c) Keeps an audit trail of all decisions and basis for adopting the market price.

Deposits with licensed financial institutions are stated at cost plus accrued interest calculated on the effective interest method over the period from the date of placement to the date of maturity of the respective deposits, which is a reasonable estimate of fair value due to the short-term nature of the deposits.

Financial assets at amortised cost and other financial liabilities are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

(iii) Impairment

The Fund measures credit risk and expected credit losses using probability of default, exposure at default and loss given default. Management considers both historical analysis and forward looking information in determining any expected credit loss. Management considers the probability of default to be close to zero as these instruments have a low risk of default and the counterparties have a strong capacity to meet their contractual obligations in the near term. As a result, no loss allowance has been recognised based on 12 month expected credit losses as any such impairment would be wholly insignificant to the Fund.

Significant increase in credit risk

A significant increase in credit risk is defined by management as any contractual payment which is more than 30 days past due.

Definition of default and credit-impaired financial assets

Any contractual payment which is more than 90 days past due is considered credit impaired.

Write-off

The Fund writes off financial assets, in whole or in part, when it has exhausted all practical recovery efforts and has concluded there is no reasonable expectation of recovery. The assessment of no reasonable expectation of recovery is based on unavailability of debtor's sources of income or assets to generate sufficient future cash flows to repay the amount. The Fund may write-off financial assets that are still subject to enforcement activity. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off will result in impairment gains. There are no write-offs/recoveries during the financial year.

MATERIAL ACCOUNTING POLICY INFORMATION FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

F CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise cash and bank balance and deposits with licensed financial institution with original maturities of three months or less that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value.

G UNITHOLDERS' CAPITAL

The unitholders' contributions to the Fund meet the criteria of the definition of puttable instruments to be classified as equity instruments under MFRS 132 'Financial Instruments: Presentation'. These criteria include:

- The units entitle the holders to a pro-rata share of the Fund's net asset value (NAV);
- The units are the most subordinated class and class features are identical;
- There is no contractual obligation to deliver cash or another financial asset other than the obligation on the Fund to repurchase the units; and
- The total expected cash flows from the units over its life are based substantially on the change in the net asset of the Fund.

The outstanding units are carried at the redemption amount that is payable at each financial year if the unitholder exercises the right to put the unit back to the Fund.

Units are created and cancelled at prices based on the Fund's NAV per unit at the time of creation or cancellation. The Fund's NAV per unit is calculated by dividing the net asset attributable to unitholders with the total number of outstanding units.

H DISTIBUTIONS

Distributions are at the discretion of the Fund. A distribution to the Fund's unitholders is accounted for as a deduction from realised reserves. A proposed distribution is recognised as a liability in the year in which it is approved by the Trustee.

I CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS IN APPLYING ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The Fund makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, rarely equal the related actual results. To enhance the information content of the estimates, certain key variables that are anticipated to have material impact to the Funds' results and financial position are tested for sensitivity to changes in the underlying parameters.

Estimates and judgements are continually evaluated by the Manager and are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

However, the Manager is of the opinion that there are no accounting policies which require significant judgement to be exercised.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025

1 INFORMATION ON THE FUND

Nomura Ringgit Bond Fund 2 (the "Fund") was constituted pursuant to the execution of a Master Deed dated 1 July 2020 entered into between Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd (the "Manager") and Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad (the "Trustees").

The Fund was launched on 28 July 2020 and will continue its operations until being terminated by the Manager or the Trustee as provided under Clause 25 of the Deed.

In order to achieve the investment objective of the Fund, the Fund Manager considers the different sources of returns and liquidity profiles from an array of fixed income instruments denominated in Ringgit Malaysia.

The Fund seeks to generate regular income by investing in fixed income securities whilst carefully consider capital preservations on behalf of its investors.

The Manager is a company incorporated in Malaysia. The principal activities of the Manager are establishment and management of unit trust funds and asset management including providing fund management services to private clients.

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

Financial instruments are as follows:

<u>2025</u>	Financial assets at fair value through <u>profit or loss</u> RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Financial assets			
Unquoted fixed income securities Cash and cash equivalents	270,414,013	1,961,195	270,414,013 1,961,195
Total	270,414,013	1,961,195	272,375,208
<u>Financial liabilities</u>			
Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee Other payables and accruals		46,441 6,966 19,769	46,441 6,966 19,769
Total		73,176	73,176

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Financial instruments are as follows: (continued)

2024	Financial assets at fair value through <u>profit or loss</u> RM	Financial assets at amortised cost RM	<u>Total</u> RM
<u> </u>			
Financial assets			
Unquoted fixed income securities	262,182,192	-	262,182,192
Cash and cash equivalents	-	8,094,167	8,094,167
Total	262,182,192	8,094,167	270,276,359
Financial liabilities			
Accrued management fee	-	45,804	45,804
Amount due to Trustee	4	6,871	6,871
Other payables and accruals		14,893	14,893
Total		67,568	67,568

The Fund is exposed to a variety of risks which include market risk (inclusive of price risk and interest rate risk), liquidity risk, credit risk, capital risk and fund management risk.

Financial risk management is carried out through internal control processes adopted by the Manager and adherence to the investment restrictions as stipulated in the Deed and SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

Market risk

(a) Price risk

Price risk is the risk that the fair value of an investment of the Fund will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk).

The Fund's overall exposure to price risk are as follows:

	2025 RM	<u>2024</u> RM
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss*	270,414,013	262,182,192

^{*} Includes profit receivable of RM2,745,543 (2024: RM2,608,462).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(a) Price risk (continued)

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's NAV and profit after tax to movements in prices of investments. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the price of the investments fluctuates by 5% with all other variables held constant.

% Change in price	Market value RM	Impact on profit after tax/NAV RM
<u>2025</u>	Nivi	NW
+5% -5%	281,051,894 254,285,046	13,383,424 (13,383,424)
<u>2024</u>		
+5% -5%	272,552,417 246,595,043	12,978,687 (12,978,687)

(b) Interest rate risk

In general, when interest rates rise, valuation for unquoted fixed income securities will tend to fall and vice versa. Therefore, the NAV of the Fund may also tend to fall when interest rates rise or are expected to rise when interest rates fall. However, investors should be aware that should the Fund hold an unquoted fixed income securities till maturity, such fluctuations would dissipate as it approaches maturity, and thus the growth of the NAV shall not be affected at maturity. In order to mitigate interest rates exposure of the Fund, the Manager will manage the duration of the portfolio via shorter or longer tenured assets depending on the view of the future interest rate trend of the Manager, which is based on its continuous fundamental research and analysis.

This risk is crucial since unquoted fixed income securities portfolio management depends on forecasting interest rate movements. Fixed income securities with longer maturity and lower interest rates are more susceptible to interest rate movements.

Investors should note that unquoted fixed income securities is subject to interest rate fluctuations. Such investments may be subject to unanticipated rise in interest rates which may impair the ability of the issuers to make payments of interest and principal, especially if the issuers are highly leveraged. An increase in interest rates may therefore increase the potential for default by an issuer.

The table below summarises the sensitivity of the Fund's NAV and profit after tax to movements in prices of unquoted fixed income securities held by the Fund as a result of movement in interest rates. The analysis is based on the assumptions that the interest rates increased and decreased by 1% with all other variables held constant.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Market risk (continued)

(b) Interest rate risk (continued)

merestrate risk (continued)	Impact on profit after tax/N	
	2025	2024
	RM	RM
% Change in interest rate		
+ 1%	(294,254)	(353,964)
- 1%	295,101	354,715

The Fund's deposits with licensed financial institution are short term in nature. Therefore, exposure to interest rate fluctuations is minimal.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Fund will encounter difficulty in meeting its financial obligations.

The Fund maintains sufficient level of liquid assets, after consultation with the Trustee, to meet anticipated payments and cancellation of units by unitholders. Liquid assets comprise cash, deposits with licensed financial institution, and unquoted fixed income securities which are capable of being converted into cash within 7 days. The Fund aims to reduce its liquidity risk by maintaining a prudent level of liquid assets.

The table below summarises the Fund's financial liabilities into relevant maturity groupings based on the remaining year as at the statement of financial position date to the contractual maturity date. The amounts in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

<u>2025</u>	Less than 1 month RM	Between 1 month <u>to 1 year</u> RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee Other payables and accruals	46,441 6,966	19,769	46,441 6,966 19,769
Contractual cash out flows	53,407	19,769	73,176
2024			
Accrued management fee Amount due to Trustee Other payables and accruals	45,804 6,871	14,893	45,804 6,871 14,893
Contractual cash out flows	52,675	14,893	67,568

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk

Credit risk refers to the ability of an issuer or a counterparty to make timely payments of interest or principals payment and proceeds from realisation of investments. This may lead to a default in the payment of principal and interest and ultimately a reduction in the value of the Fund. In the case of the Fund, the Manager will endeavor to minimise the risk by selecting only issues with prescribed and acceptable credit ratings.

Credit risk arising from cash and cash equivalents are managed by ensuring that the Fund will maintain cash balance and only place deposits with reputable licensed financial institutions.

For unquoted fixed income securities, the Manager regularly reviews the rating assigned by the issuer so that necessary steps can be taken if the rating falls below those described by the Deed and SC's Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under the Lodge and Launch Framework.

The following table sets out the credit risk concentration of the Fund:

	Financial		
	assets at		
	fair value	Cash	
	through	and cash	
	profit or loss	equivalents	<u>Total</u>
	RM	RM	RM
2025			
Automobiles and parts			
- AA- IS	5,315,406	2	5,315,406
Banks			
- AAA	5,097,629	1,961,195	7,058,824
- AA1	50,309,906	-	50,309,906
- AA3	25,628,623	-	25,628,623
- Not Rated	5,044,579	-	5,044,579
Construction and Materials			
- AA- IS	15,126,171	-	15,126,171
- AA1	12,742,761	*	12,742,761
Energy			
- AA- IS	3,015,592	(4)	3,015,592
Financial services			
- AA1	10,240,263	:-	10,240,263
Health care			
- AA-IS CG	5,008,740	:4:	5,008,740
Public Finance			
- Not Rated	9,845,425		9,845,425
Real estate			
- A1 (S)	10,274,633		10,274,633
- AA+ IS	10,232,932	-	10,232,932
- AA- IS	22,577,683	-	22,577,683
Retail			
- AA-	5,062,440	-	5,062,440
Transportation			
- AAA	10,025,600		10,025,600
- AAA (S)	10,930,511		10,930,511
- AA IS	7,799,885	(·	7,799,885

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Credit risk (continued) 2025 (continued)	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss RM	Cash and cash equivalents RM	<u>Total</u> RM
Travel and leisure			
- AA1 (S) - AA- Utilities	25,506,397 10,188,695	-	25,506,397 10,188,695
- AA1	10,440,142	=	10,440,142
	270,414,013	1,961,195	272,375,208
2024			
Banks			
- AAA	-	7,710,273	7,710,273
- AAA IS	15,008,336	4	15,008,336
- AA1	50,320,100	383,894	50,703,994
- AA2	5,149,800	-	5,149,800
- AA3	25,675,003	-	25,675,003
- Not Rated	5,037,481	-	5,037,481
Construction and Materials			
- AA- IS	15,043,923	-	15,043,923
Financial services			
- AA1	10,221,499	-	10,221,499
Public finance			
- AAA (S)	10,498,821	*	10,498,821
- Not Rated	9,768,361	-	9,768,361
Real estate			10.000.00
- AA+ IS	10,208,704	-	10,208,704
- AA- IS	27,749,297	3 5	27,749,297
Transportation	0.000.004		0.000.004
- AAA	9,988,304	-	9,988,304
- AA1 (S) - AA2	11,031,055	-	11,031,055
Travel and leisure	5,133,219	(-)	5,133,219
- AA1 (S)	35,736,492		35,736,492
- AA-	5,083,855	-	5,083,855
Utilities	5,065,655	-	5,005,055
- AA1	10,527,942	~	10,527,942
	262,182,192	8,094,167	270,276,359

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Capital risk

The capital of the Fund is represented by equity consisting of unitholders' capital of RM272,450,000 (2024: RM272,450,000) and accumulated losses of RM147,968 (2024: RM2,241,209). The amount of equity can change significantly on a daily basis as the Fund is subject to daily subscriptions and redemptions at the discretion of unitholders. The Fund's objective when managing capital is to safeguard the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for unitholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain a strong capital base to support the development of the investment activities of the Fund.

Fund management risk

There is the risk that the management company may not adhere to the investment mandate of the respective Fund. With close monitoring by the investment committee, back office system being incorporated with limits and controls, and regular reporting to the senior management team, the management company is able to manage such risk. The Trustee has an oversight function over management of the Fund by the management company to safeguard the profits of unitholders.

Fair value estimation

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date (i.e. an exit price).

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities traded in an active market (such as publicly traded derivatives and trading securities) are based on quoted market prices at the close of trading on the year end date.

A financial instrument is regarded as quoted in an active market if quoted prices are readily and regularly available from an exchange, dealer, broker, industry group, pricing service, or regulatory agency, and those prices represent actual and regularly occurring market transactions on an arm's length basis.

The fair value of financial assets and liabilities that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Fund uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at each year end date. Valuation techniques used for non-standardised financial instruments such as options, currency swaps and other over-the-counter derivatives, include the use of comparable recent arm's length transactions, reference to other instruments that are substantially the same, discounted cash flow analysis, option pricing models and other valuation techniques commonly used by market participants making the maximum use of market inputs and relying as little as possible on entity-specific inputs.

For instruments for which there is no active market, the Fund may use internally developed models, which are usually based on valuation methods and techniques generally recognised as standard within the industry. Valuation models are used primarily to value unlisted fixed income securities, for which market were or have been inactive during the financial year. Some of the inputs to these models may not be market observable and are therefore estimated based on assumptions.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value estimation (continued)

The output of a model is always an estimate or approximation of a value that cannot be determined with certainty, and valuation techniques employed may not fully reflect all factors relevant to the positions the Fund holds.

The fair values are based on the following methodology and assumptions:

- (i) The carrying value is a reasonable estimate of fair value for cash and cash equivalent.
- (ii) Ringgit-denominated unquoted bonds are valued using fair value prices quoted by a bond pricing agency ("BPA"). Where the Manager is of the view that the price quoted by BPA for a specific unquoted bonds differs from the market price by more than 20 basis points, the Manager may use market price, provided that the Manager records its basis for using a non-BPA price, and obtains necessary internal approvals to use the non-BPA price.

Valuations are therefore adjusted, where appropriate, to allow for additional factors including model risk, liquidity risk and counterparty risk.

Fair value hierarchy

The Fund adopted MFRS 13 "Fair Value Measurement" in respect of disclosures about the degree of reliability of fair value measurement. This requires the Fund to classify fair value measurements using a fair value hierarchy that reflects the significance of the inputs used in making the measurements. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

- Level 1: Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active market for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2: Inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3: Inputs for the asset and liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

The level in the fair value hierarchy within which the fair value measurement is categorised in its entirety is determined on the basis of the lowest level input that is significant to the fair value measurement in its entirety. For this purpose, the significance of an input is assessed against the fair value measurement in its entirety. If a fair value measurement uses observable inputs that require significant adjustment based on unobservable inputs, that measurement is a Level 3 measurement.

Assessing the significance of a particular input to the fair value measurement in its entirety requires judgement, considering factors specific to the asset or liability.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

2 FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS, RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES (CONTINUED)

Fair value hierarchy (continued)

The determination of what constitutes 'observable' requires significant judgement by the Fund. The Fund considers observable data to be that market data that is readily available, regularly distributed or updated, reliable and verifiable, not proprietary, and provided by independent sources that are actively involved in the relevant market.

The following table analyses within the fair value hierarchy the Fund's financial assets (by class) measured at fair value:

	Level 1 RM	Level 2 RM	Level 3 RM	Total RM
2025				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - Unquoted fixed income securities		270,414,013		270,414,013
2024				
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss: - Unquoted fixed income securities		262,182,192		262,182,192

Financial instruments that trade in markets that are considered to be active but are valued based on quoted market prices, dealer quotations or alternative pricing sources supported by observable inputs are classified within Level 2. Level 2 instruments include unquoted fixed income securities.

As Level 2 instruments include positions that are not traded in active markets and/or are subject to transfer restrictions, valuations may be adjusted to reflect illiquidity and/or non-transferability, which are generally based on available market information. The Fund's policies on valuation of these financial assets are stated in Note E.

The carrying value of cash and cash equivalent and all current liabilities are reasonable approximation of the fair value due to their short-term nature.

3 MANAGEMENT FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Manager is entitled to a management fee at a rate not exceeding 3.00% per annum of the NAV of the Fund calculated and accrued on a daily basis.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the management fee is recognised at a rate of 0.20% (2024: 0.20%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, calculated on a daily basis for the financial year.

There will be no further liability to the Manager in respect of the management fee other than the amounts recognised above.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

4 TRUSTEE FEE

In accordance with the Deed, the Trustee is entitled to an annual fee at a rate not exceeding 0.03% per annum of the NAV of the Fund, subject to a minimum fee of RM12,000 per annum, calculated daily on the NAV of the Fund.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2025, the trustee fee is recognised at a rate of 0.03% (2024: 0.03%) per annum on the NAV of the Fund, subject to a minimum fee of RM12,000 per annum, calculated on a daily basis for the financial year.

There will be no further liability to the Trustee in respect of the trustee fee other than the amounts recognised above.

5 TAXATION

	<u>2025</u> RM	2024 RM
Current taxation - local		

The numerical reconciliation between profit before taxation multiplied by the Malaysian statutory tax rate and tax expense of the Fund is as follows:

	<u>2025</u> RM	2024 RM
Profit before taxation	11,395,911	13,759,046
Tax at applicable rate of 24% (2024: 24%) Tax effect of:	2,735,019	3,302,171
Investment income not subject to tax	(2,889,667)	(4,458,763)
Investment loss not deductible for tax purposes	-	1,004,200
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Restriction on tax deductible expenses for	21,514	21,510
wholesale funds	133,134	130,882
Taxation	÷	(4)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS

Financial assets at FVTPL:	<u>2025</u> RM	<u>2024</u> RM
- Unquoted fixed income securities	270,414,013	262,182,192
	2025 RM	2024 RM
Net gain on financial assets at FVTPL comprised: - Net realised gain/(loss) on sale of financial assets at FVTPL - Net unrealised gain on changes in fair values	740,014 1,045,134	(4,184,164) 9,218,387
	1,785,148	5,034,223

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 March 2025 are as follows:

Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	Rating	Cost RM	<u>Fair value</u> RM	Percentage of net assets value %
5,000,000	7-Eleven Malaysia Holdings Berhad	AA-	5,059,864	5,062,440	1.86
10,000,000	Affin Islamic Bank Berhad	AA3	10,125,412	10,180,612	3.74
5,000,000	AmBank (M) Berhad	AA3	5,059,724	5,152,124	1.89
10,000,000	AmBank Islamic Berhad	AA3	10,117,887	10,295,887	3.78
5,000,000	AZRB Capital Sdn. Bhd.	AA- IS	5,125,123	5,091,653	1.87
5,000,000	Berapit Mobility Sdn. Bhd.	AA IS	5,107,271	5,195,737	1.91
2,500,000	Berapit Mobility Sdn. Bhd.	AA IS	2,554,878	2,604,148	0.96
5,000,000	CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	AAA	5,002,829	5,097,629	1.87
5,000,000	DRB-Hicom Berhad	AA- IS	5,295,857	5,315,406	1.95

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 March 2025 are as follows: (continued)

Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	Rating	<u>Cost</u> RM	<u>Fair value</u> RM	Percentage of net assets value %
15,000,000	GENM Capital Berhad	AA1 (S)	15,459,663	15,158,036	5.57
10,000,000	GENM Capital Berhad	AA1 (S)	10,654,775	10,348,360	3.80
5,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	5,052,166	4,774,238	1.75
5,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	5,179,159	5,071,187	1.86
5,000,000	Hong Leong Bank Berhad	AA1	5,059,260	5,097,310	1.87
10,000,000	Malayan Banking Berhad	AA1	10,147,781	9,989,181	3.67
10,000,000	Malayan Banking Berhad	AA1	10,051,384	10,015,284	3.68
5,000,000	Malayan Banking Berhad	AA1	5,108,358	5,082,712	1.87
7,500,000	Malayan Cement Berhad	AA1	7,582,141	7,623,099	2.80
5,000,000	Malayan Cement Berhad	AA1	5,062,515	5,119,662	1.88
10,000,000	Malaysia Airports Hodings Berhad	AAA	10,132,000	10,025,600	3.68
3,000,000	Orkim Sdn. Bhd.	AA- IS	3,011,362	3,015,592	1.12
10,000,000	Sabah Credit Corporation	AA1	10,333,902	10,240,263	3.76
10,000,000	Sabah Development Bank Berhad	AA1	10,105,632	10,064,903	3.70
10,000,000	Sabah Development Bank Berhad	AA1	10,102,843	10,060,516	3.69

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 March 2025 are as follows: (continued)

					D
Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	Rating	<u>Cost</u> RM	<u>Fair value</u> RM	Percentage of net assets value %
10,000,000	Samalaju Industrial Port Sdn. Bhd.	AAA (S)	11,185,498	10,930,511	4.01
10,000,000	Sime Darby Property Berhad	AA+ IS	10,045,732	10,232,932	3.76
5,000,000	Small Medium Enterprise Development Bank Malaysia Berhad	Not Rated	5,141,087	5,044,579	1.86
5,000,000	STM Lottery Sdn. Bhd.	AA-	5,062,486	5,070,638	1.86
5,000,000	STM Lottery Sdn. Bhd.	AA-	5,077,023	5,118,058	1.88
10,000,000	Sunreit Perpetual Bond Berhad	A1 (S)	10,206,433	10,274,633	3.77
5,000,000	Sunreit Healthcare Treasury Sdn Bhd	AA-IS CG	5,008,712	5,008,740	1.84
15,000,000	Sunway Treasury Sukuk Sdn. Bhd.	AA- IS	15,033,323	15,126,171	5.55
10,000,000	UDA Holdings Berhad	AA- IS	10,230,662	10,261,152	3.77
5,000,000	UEM Sunrise Berhad	AA- IS	5,085,647	5,127,478	1.88
2,000,000	UEM Sunrise Berhad	AA- IS	2,030,460	2,097,400	0.77
5,000,000	YTL Power International Berhad	AA1	5,262,004	5,209,708	1.91
5,000,000	YTL Power International Berhad	AA1	5,268,707	5,230,434	1.92
	TOTAL UNQUOTED BON	NDS	271,129,560	270,414,013	99.31
	UNREALISED LOSS ON CHANGES IN FAIR VAL	.UE	(715,547)		
	TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSE AT FAIR VALUE THROU PROFIT OR LOSS		270,414,013		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 March 2024 are as follows:

Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	Rating	<u>Cost</u> RM	<u>Fair value</u> RM	Percentage of net assets value %
	Affin Islamic Bank				,~
10,000,000	Berhad	AA3	10,125,861	10,187,161	3.77
5,000,000	AmBank (M) Berhad	AA3	5,060,205	5,162,905	1.91
10,000,000	AmBank Islamic Berhad	AA3	10,118,837	10,324,937	3.82
5,000,000	AZRB Capital Sdn. Bhd.	AA- IS	5,158,279	5,085,538	1.88
15,000,000	CIMB Islamic Bank Berhad	AAA IS	15,008,486	15,008,336	5.55
10,000,000	GENM Capital Berhad	AA1 (S)	10,271,939	10,133,586	3.75
15,000,000	GENM Capital Berhad	AA1 (S)	15,672,244	15,207,590	5.63
10,000,000	GENM Capital Berhad	AA1 (S)	10,814,297	10,395,316	3.85
5,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	5,050,907	4,708,766	1.74
5,000,000	Government of Malaysia	Not Rated	5,232,802	5,059,595	1.87
5,000,000	Hong Leong Bank Berhad	AA1	5,059,836	5,106,886	1.89
10,000,000	Infracap Resources Sdn. Bhd.	AAA (S)	9,909,455	10,498,821	3.89
10,000,000	Malayan Banking Berhad	AA1	10,148,630	9,904,030	3.67
10,000,000	Malayan Banking Berhad	AA1	10,052,318	9,970,517	3.69
5,000,000	Malayan Banking Berhad	AA1	5,190,314	5,130,108	1.90

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 March 2024 are as follows: (continued)

Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	Rating	<u>Cost</u> RM	<u>Fair value</u> RM	Percentage of net assets value %
10,000,000	Malaysia Airports Hodings Berhad	AAA	10,132,904	9,988,304	3.70
5,000,000	Malaysia Airports Hodings Berhad	AA2	5,114,971	5,133,219	1.90
5,000,000	RHB Bank Berhad	AA2	5,045,100	5,149,800	1.91
10,000,000	Sabah Credit Corporation	AA1	10,429,330	10,221,499	3.78
10,000,000	Sabah Development Bank Berhad	AA1	10,245,338	10,107,096	3.74
10,000,000	Sabah Development Bank Berhad	AA1	10,240,939	10,101,463	3.74
10,000,000	Samalaju Industrial Port Sdn. Bhd.	AA1 (S)	11,390,221	11,031,055	4.08
10,000,000	Sime Darby Property Berhad	AA+ IS	10,046,904	10,208,704	3.78
5,000,000	Small Medium Enterprise Development Bank Malaysia Berhad	Not Rated	5,173,594	5,037,481	1.86
5,000,000	STM Lottery Sdn. Bhd.	AA-	5,065,600	5,083,855	1.88
15,000,000	Sunway Treasury Sukuk Sdn. Bhd.	AA- IS	15,040,506	15,043,923	5.57
10,000,000	UDA Holdings Berhad	AA- IS	10,263,960	10,264,704	3.80
10,000,000	UEM Sunrise Berhad	AA- IS	10,177,106	10,285,116	3.81
2,000,000	UEM Sunrise Berhad	AA- IS	2,030,759	2,113,939	0.78

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

6 FINANCIAL ASSETS AT FAIR VALUE THROUGH PROFIT OR LOSS (CONTINUED)

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss as at 31 March 2024 are as follows: (continued)

Nominal <u>value</u> RM	Name of Counter	Rating	Cost RM	<u>Fair value</u> RM	Percentage of net assets value %
5,000,000	YTL Power International Berhad	AA1	5,325,547	5,248,675	1.94
5,000,000	YTL Power International Berhad	AA1	5,345,684	5,279,267	1.95
	TOTAL UNQUOTED BOI	NDS	263,942,873	262,182,192	97.03
	UNREALISED LOSS ON CHANGES IN FAIR VAI		(1,760,681)		
	TOTAL FINANCIAL ASSI AT FAIR VALUE THRO PROFIT OR LOSS	_	262,182,192		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS 7

ONOTITE ONOTI EQUIVALENTO		
	<u>2025</u> RM	<u>2024</u> RM
Deposits with licensed financial institution Bank balances in a licensed bank	1,584,529 376,666	7,710,273 383,894
	1,961,195	8,094,167
Weighted average effective interest rates per annum is as fo	ollows:	
	<u>2025</u> %	<u>2024</u> %
Deposits with licensed financial institution	3.05	3.10
Deposits with licensed financial institution have an average r	maturity of 2 days (20	24: 1 day).
NUMBER OF UNITS IN CIRCULATION		

	2025 No. of units	2024 No. of units
At beginning of the financial year Creation of units during the financial year:	272,007,887	272,007,887
Arising from creations Cancellation of units		-
At end of the financial year	272,007,887	272,007,887

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

9 DISTRIBUTIONS

	<u>2025</u> RM	<u>2024</u> RM
Distributions to unitholders are from the following sources:		
Interest income from unquoted fixed income securities at FVTPL and deposit with licensed financial institution at amortised cost Net realised gain on sale of investment	9,245,440 677,467	8,795,206
Less: Expenses	9,922,907 (620,237) 9,302,670	8,795,206 (634,969) 8,160,237

During the financial year, distributions per unit were made as follows:

	Gross/net distribution	
	2025	2024
	RM/unit	RM/unit
and the second s		
19 June 2024	0.0055	-
18 September 2024	0.0067	-
23 December 2024	0.0110	-
19 March 2025	0.0110	=
16 June 2023	20150	0.0088
	-	
18 September 2023	-	0.0073
18 December 2023		0.0084
18 March 2024	-	0.0055
	-	

Gross distribution is derived using total income less total expenses.

Gross distribution per unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses divided by the number of units in circulation, while net distribution for unit is derived from gross realised income less expenses and taxation divided by the number of units in circulation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

10 TRANSACTIONS WITH FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS

Details of transactions with the financial institutions are as follows:

		Percentage
	Value of trade	of total trade
2225	RM	%
<u>2025</u>		
Public Bank Berhad*	564,207,000	87.06
Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad	40,792,250	6.30
CIMB Bank Berhad	32,547,500	5.02
AmBank (M) Berhad	7,527,750	1.16
Malayan Banking Berhad	3,000,000	0.46
	648,074,500	100.00
<u>2024</u>		
Public Bank Berhad*	1,290,403,000	87.33
RHB Investment Bank Berhad	55,231,110	3.74
Malayan Banking Berhad	39,239,000	2.66
CIMB Bank Berhad	32,571,000	2.20
Hong Leong Investment Bank Berhad	14,687,000	0.99
Standard Chartered Bank Malaysia Berhad	10,545,000	0.71
AmBank (M) Berhad	10,000,000	0.68
Affin Hwang Investment Bank Berhad	10,000,000	0.68
Citibank (M) Bhd	9,930,000	0.67
AmInvestment Bank Berhad	5,000,000	0.34
	1,477,606,110	100.00

All financial institutions above are not related to the Manager.

The above transactions were in respect of money market placements and fixed income transactions. Transactions in these investments do not involve any commission or brokerage.

^{*}The above transaction was in respect of money market placements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

11 TOTAL EXPENSE RATIO ("TER")

	<u>2025</u> %	<u>2024</u> %
TER	0.24	0.24

TER is derived from the following calculation:

TER =
$$\frac{(A+B+C+D+E)}{F} \times 100$$

A = Management fee
B = Trustee's fee
C = Audit fee
D = Tax agent's fee

E = Other expenses F = Average NAV of Fund calculated on daily basis

The average NAV of the Fund for the financial year calculated on daily basis is RM272,632,949 (2024: RM267,421,878).

12 PORTFOLIO TURNOVER RATIO ("PTR")

	<u>2025</u>	<u>2024</u>
PTR (times)	0.18	0.36

PTR is derived from the following calculation:

(Total acquisition for the financial year + total disposal for the financial year) ÷ 2

Average NAV of the Fund for the financial year calculated on daily basis

Where: total acquisition for the financial year RM53,428,516 (2024: RM94,019,710) total disposal for the financial year RM46,045,440 (2024: RM99,135,961)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2025 (CONTINUED)

13 UNITS HELD BY THE MANAGER AND PARTIES RELATED TO THE MANAGER

The related party of and its relationship with the Fund are as follows:

Related party Relationship

Nomura Asset Management

Malaysia Sdn Bhd

Senior Management of the Manager

The Manager

Director(s) of the Manager

There were no units held by the Manager and parties related to the Manager.

14 APPROVAL OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements have been approved for issue by the Manager on 22 May 2025.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGER

We, Leslie Yap Kim Loong and Atsushi Ichii, being two of the Directors of Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd (the "Manager"), do hereby state that, in the opinion of the Directors of the Manager, the accompanying financial statements set out on pages 1 to 30 are drawn up in accordance with the provisions of the Deed and give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 March 2025 and of its financial performance, changes in net asset value and cash flows for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 in accordance with the Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

For and on behalf of the Manager, NOMURA ASSET MANAGEMENT MALAYSIA SDN BHD

LESUIE YAP KIM LOONG Managing Director

ATSUSHI ICHII Director

Kuala Lumpur 22 May 2025



Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad Registration No: 200701005591 (763590-H)

Level 20, Menara IMC 8 Jalan Sultan Ismail 50250 Kuala Lumpur

Tel +603 2053 7522 Fax +603 2053 7526

TRUSTEE'S REPORT

TO THE UNITHOLDER OF NOMURA RINGGIT BOND FUND 2 ("Fund")

We have acted as Trustee of the Fund for the financial year ended 31 March 2025 and we hereby confirm to the best of our knowledge, after having made all reasonable enquiries, Nomura Asset Management Malaysia Sdn Bhd has operated and managed the Fund during the year covered by these financial statements in accordance with the following:

- Limitations imposed on the investment powers of the management company under the deed, securities laws and the Guidelines on Unlisted Capital Market Products under The Lodge and Launch Framework;
- 2. Valuation and pricing is carried out in accordance with the deed; and
- 3. Any creation and cancellation of units are carried out in accordance with the deed and any regulatory requirement.

We are of the opinion that the distribution of income by the Fund is appropriate and reflects the investment objective of the Fund.

For Deutsche Trustees Malaysia Berhad

Head, Fund Operations

Chief Executive Officer

Kuala Lumpur 22 May 2025



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDER OF NOMURA RINGGIT BOND FUND 2

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements of Nomura Ringgit Bond Fund 2 ("the Fund") give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Fund as at 31 March 2025, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the financial year then ended in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards.

What we have audited

We have audited the financial statements of the Fund, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 March 2025, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in net asset value and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including material accounting policy information, as set out on pages 1 to 30.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the "Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements" section of our report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Independence and other ethical responsibilities

We are independent of the Fund in accordance with the By-Laws (on Professional Ethics, Conduct and Practice) of the Malaysian Institute of Accountants ("By-Laws") and the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' International Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (including International Independence Standards) ("IESBA Code"), and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the By-Laws and the IESBA Code.

Information other than the financial statements and auditors' report thereon

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Manager's Report, but does not include the financial statements of the Fund and our auditors' report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements of the Fund does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

PricewaterhouseCoopers PLT (LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146), Chartered Accountants, Level 10, Menara TH 1 Sentral, Jalan Rakyat, Kuala Lumpur Sentral, P.O. Box 10192, 50706 Kuala Lumpur, Malaysia T: +60 (3) 2173 1188, F: +60 (3) 2173 1288, www.pwc.com/my



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDER OF NOMURA RINGGIT BOND FUND 2 (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

In connection with our audit of the financial statements of the Fund, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements of the Fund or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated.

If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of the Manager for the financial statements

The Manager of the Fund is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements of the Fund that give a true and fair view in accordance with Malaysian Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Standards. The Manager is also responsible for such internal control as the Manager determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements of the Fund that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements of the Fund, the Manager is responsible for assessing the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the Manager either intends to liquidate the Fund or to terminate the Fund, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditors' responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements of the Fund as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDER OF NOMURA RINGGIT BOND FUND 2 (CONTINUED)

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

As part of an audit in accordance with approved standards on auditing in Malaysia and International Standards on Auditing, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- (a) Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements of the Fund, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- (b) Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Fund's internal control.
- (c) Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Manager.
- (d) Conclude on the appropriateness of the Manager's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Fund's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements of the Fund or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Fund to cease to continue as a going concern.
- (e) Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements of the Fund, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements of the Fund represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the Manager regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE UNITHOLDER OF NOMURA RINGGIT BOND FUND 2 (CONTINUED)

OTHER MATTERS

This report is made solely to the unitholder of the Fund, and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility to any other person for the content of this report.

PRICEWATERHOUSECOOPERS PLT

LLP0014401-LCA & AF 1146 Chartered Accountants

Kuala Lumpur 22 May 2025